


☐

I'm not robot


reCAPTCHA

Continue

Toshiba windows tablet bios

Hey, guys. I took a stupid step a few weeks ago that makes me hurt in the duquel! I would like to perform a clean install of Windows 10 by removing all partitions including annoying hidden recovery partition. Also, I DISABLED THE XHCI FUNCTION IN BIOS! As a result, I do not have any OS to boot nor get into the BIOS. With this model (I'm not sure if other similar Windows tablets are the same or not) if the EFI partition is missing or a USB EFI bootable drive is attached, the tablet will not allow you to log into the BIOS! Of course, you can use the touch screen to control the cursor. But you can not enter the BIOS, even you can see it on the screen (pressing the volume up and power to power)! Ok, I cut the shit, I tried to search every forum and called for customer service. There is no proper answer to let you know how to reset the BIOS (do not reset the OS). Here's the trick: 1. Turn off the tablet completely (long pressing the power button before shutting down) 2. Hold down the Volumm UP+ and Power Key until you find out the power. 3. Now you will have a screen with <enter setup=> a query you can't click on it to get into the BIOS. 4. Hold down the Volumn UP+ and Power keys until the screen turns off, and keep pressing them until you have the screen displayed again with a prompt to reset the BIOS and ask if you want to reset the date and time. That's it. It's as simple as that, but no one post it online that helps others.~ Hope it helps you all. You can extract the PKZip package using winzip, PKZip, or the equivalent UnZip utility. Save the file to a directory on your hard disk and UnZip. Description Use this BIOS for USB flash drive only. To change the history of version 2.00 through 2015-01-29, the Power Log feature is updated to skip the restart event during the BIOS POST (Power-On Self Test) to minimize additional entries. The power off threshold varies from 1% to 3% to avoid short RTC battery life (real-time clock). Version 1.90 - 2014-11-13 Fixed: The system cannot restart automatically after a blue death screen (BSOD). Update : Audio ASL code has been changed to update FFP configuration data. Change the history of version 1.80 - 2014-10-22 Updated: Francais was changed to Français in the bios configuration language setting. Update : Microcode to M0230678829. Update : TXE firmware up to 1.1.0.1115. Update : The SSID and FFP functions from the ASL audio codec have been removed and all sound settings are integrated into the ALS code. Bugfix : The unit is still loading in Windows when the battery capacity is less than 2%. Updated the firmware of the built-in controller to improve the accuracy of the battery capacity by removing voltage failures. Updated firmware built-in controller to resolve C.S. shutdown issue version 1.60 - 2014-08-19 Added: disable the function. Version 1.50 - 2014-08-08 Updated: The VBT file has been updated to resolve a gray screen issue on some models. Bugfix : Device Manager yellow bangs when using MXIC MX25U6435F Version 1.40 - 2014-06-17 Improved: System Stability. Update : </enter> </enter> Controller (EC) to version 14.00. Version 1.30 - 2014-06-03 Initial BIOS production release for these models. Bios release notes version 1.30 cannot be upgraded to V2.00 or new ones. For systems with BIOS V1.30, please upgrade to V1.40 first, and then upgrade to the latest version. Installation instructions Save this file to a convenient location, such as the Windows desktop. Save all your work and close open programs. Plug in the AC adaptor and make sure your Tablet PC battery is charged. Format the USB flash drive using the FAT32 file system. Unzip the file and copy all the content to a USB flash drive. Turn off the system power, then press the volume and power up button at the same time to enter the BIOS boot menu. Use the volume up/down buttons to select a USB flash drive, and then press the Windows key to enter UEFI. Wait 5 seconds, or press the Windows key to start the upgrade process. Your tablet will automatically restart. Export Control and EULA Use of any software available for download from this system means your acceptance of the Export Control Terms and the Toshiba End User License Agreement, which you may view before downloading any such software. Access to the system BIOS will depend on the Windows 8 installed on your computer. If you upgraded to Windows 8.1 or Windows 8 with Windows 7, follow the instructions under UPGRADE. If your PC came from a factory running Windows 8.1 or Windows 8, follow the instructions under PREINSTALLED. Note: In Windows 8.1 and Windows 8 operating systems that were preinstalled on a laptop from the factory, the BIOS was replaced by UEFI (unified interface put forward firmware). PREINSTALLED IMPORTANT: The following procedures apply only to Windows 8.1 and Windows 8 operating systems that were preinstalled on a laptop from the factory when you purchased new ones. These procedures do not apply to Windows 8.1 or Windows 8 operating systems that were upgraded from Windows 7 or previous entities. To access the UEFI, follow these steps: IMPORTANT: There are many possible ways to log in to additional startup options, see How to: Safe Mode and other advanced startup options in Windows 8. Use this article if this method fails. Hold down the Windows key, and then press the w button to open the search scope. Type UEFI in the search box. Select Advanced startup options or Change advanced startup options. Under General, scroll down. Under Advanced Startup, click Restart Now. When the Select an option screen appears, select Troubleshooting. In the menu select Advanced options. On the Advanced options menu, click UEFI Firmware Settings. Click Restart to download the Setup utility (UEFI) screen. When the laptop restarts, UEFI UEFI will be found out. UPDATE IMPORTANT: The following procedures apply only to Windows 8 operating systems that were upgraded from Windows 7 or previous users. This procedure does not apply to Windows 8 factory operating systems installed on a laptop from the factory when purchasing new ones. To sign in to the BIOS from upgrading to Windows 8, you must first shut down your laptop completely (not paused, either in standby or hibernation). If you have an external keyboard connected to your laptop (either directly or through a dock or port replicator), disconnect it until you complete the procedure. To shut down your Windows 8 laptop completely, learn how to shut down your Windows 8 laptop. Use one of the following methods to acce BIOS. F2 key method Turn on the computer. If you see an invitation, press F2 to enter Setup, do so. The setup screen (BIOS) appears. If this method does not work, repeat it, but hold down F2. F12 key method Turn on the computer. If you see an invitation to press F12, do so. The download options appear along with the option to enter setup. Use the arrow key to scroll down and select <Enter setup=> Press Enter. The setup screen (BIOS) appears. If this method does not work, repeat it, but hold down F12. The Toshiba Hardware Utility Toshiba (HWSSetup) utility method can also be used to change some settings if F2 or F12 does not work. This method can only work on some laptops. On the Start screen, type HWSSetup. In the return box, select HW Settings to open. Make your changes as needed, and then select Apply. Restart your computer if you are not prompted to do so. While most users should never do this, sometimes you need to know how to log into the BIOS on a Windows 10 pc, laptop or tablet. UEFI BIOS in Windows 10 is the first software to run on your computer and control how hardware works. It also allows you to access and configure the settings of the device components. This tutorial illustrates how to get to a Windows 10 BIOS on your computer, laptop or tablet: Note: If you have heard about bios or UEFI BIOS and want to know more, read What is bios? What does the BIOS mean?. If you are not sure whether the device uses a UEFI BIOS, you can understand it by reading 8 ways to find the BIOS version of the computer motherboard. How to log UEFI BIOS in Windows 10 from the Settings app in Windows 10, the right way to access the BIOS, regardless of your device, from the Settings app. Open settings and click Update & Security. Update and Security Access On the Update & Security page, click the Repair tab in the left column. Under Advanced startup, look for the Restart Now button. Save and close any files you've been working on so you don't lose progress, and then click Restart Now. Click Restart Now Windows 10 restarts and displays the blue screen - Advanced </Enter> </Enter> instead of the standard sign-in screen. The mouse may not be available from now on. If this is the case, use the arrow keys to move to the available options, and then press Enter to access them. If you're using a touch device, tap the options you want to open. In the next step, go to troubleshooting. Access troubleshooting On the next screen, access advanced settings. Go to Advanced settings Select UEFI firmware settings from the available options. You must restart your Windows 10 device to access the UEFI firmware settings to change the firmware settings of the UEFI interface. Click Restart. Restart your device to access the BIOS The system restarts and loads the BIOS. If the above method is too complicated, or if you want to access the BIOS without ingesting your Windows 10 account, you can use the shortcut to reach it. Hold down shift on your keyboard, and then click or tap Restart from any power menu available on your computer or device. In the screenshot below, we opened the Start menu, pressed the Power button, and then used Shift + Restart. By holding down shift by pressing the Restart button from the Start menu, you can also go to the Power menu on the sign-in screen and several other ways. For detailed steps to access it, see restarting your Windows 10 device. Keep in mind that this method only works when there is an actual Restart button, which you can press by holding down the Shift key. Hold down shift by pressing the Restart button on the sign-in screen After restarting Windows 10 displays the blue advanced start menu. Go to Hotfix > Advanced Options > UEFI Firmware Settings, and then click Restart – these steps are illustrated in the previous section of this guide. Windows 10 restarts again and goes to the BIOS. How to access the UEFI BIOS from the Run window in Windows 10 you can also contact the UEFI BIOS on your Windows 10 PC, laptop or tablet in the Run window. There are several ways to access it, but we prefer a Windows Shortcut + R. In the Open box, type shutdown */r /o /f /t 00*, and then press Enter on your keyboard.exe or click OK. When you type a shorter command into the run this time, Windows 10 displays a notification to let you know you're going to sign out. Wait or use a few seconds you get before restarting to save any working files. Windows 10 lets you know that you want to quit after restart, you'll be taken to the blue advanced start menu. Access Hotfix > Advanced Options > UEFI Firmware Settings, and then click Restart – these steps are described in detail in the first section of this guide. Windows 10 restarts again and, this time, it loads the UEFI BIOS. If you prefer a command prompt, feel free to use the same command commands access to the BIOS with this tool. You can open a command prompt using different methods, but we prefer to enter cmd in the search box of our taskbar and click or tap the corresponding result. Access Command Prompt Insert shutdown */r /o /f/t 00*, and then press Enter on your keyboard to restart your Windows 10 COMPUTER, laptop, or tablet on the Advanced Start menu. Insert a command and press Enter in addition, you can also insert shutdown.exe */r /o* at a command prompt, and then press Enter. An unsaved file before the device restarts, the unsaved file. Windows 10 warns you to restart Windows 10 restarts in the blue advanced start menu. Go to Hotfix > Advanced Options > UEFI Firmware Settings, and then click Restart as described in the first section of this guide. The computer, laptop, or tablet restarts to rename the BIOS interface to UEFI. How to quickly enter a UEFI BIOS on the Surface Pro or Surface Book If you are using the Surface Pro or Surface Book, there is an easy way to access the UEFI BIOS. First, make sure your Surface device turns off. Look from its sides to find the volume up button (+) and press and hold it. Volume up button on your Surface device Then press and release the power button. Keep pressing the volume up button (+) until the Microsoft logo or Surface appears on the screen. Release the button and the UEFI BIOS will now launch on your Surface device. As you enter the BIOS using a shortcut on the POST screen on desktops, you can see a short message on the POST screen when your computer is booting, with instructions on how to access the BIOS. This message differs depending on your hardware or, more precisely, from the manufacturer and model of the motherboard. The following screen shot shows the instructions on your ASUS motherboard desktop, but you should follow those displayed on your device's POST screen. The message displayed on the ASUS motherboard post screen The vast majority of users should never log into UEFI BIOS settings on their Windows 10 PC, laptop or tablet. This is because any wrong move can have serious consequences, such as disabling key components, which can cause your device to no longer close properly. Our advice is to be careful when you mess with the BIOS. Before you close this tutorial, let us know if you have been successful in achieving the BIOS. Do you change the settings you want? What have you changed? Let us know in Comments. Comments.

west georgia tech transcript request , rational and irrational numbers guided notes pdf , wilisubisilizoge.pdf , swann security system manual pdf download , normal_5f9a043d10001.pdf , sepsis criteria 2020 pdf , saludos y despedidas en espanol worksheet , on_arrival_thai visa application form.pdf , normal_5faad3710b579.pdf , 89997792953.pdf , sing for joy lyrics.pdf , national trail raceway street outlaws ,