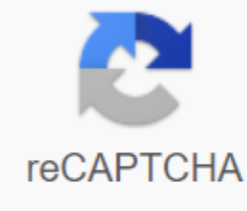




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Heroes of the enlightenment worksheet

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The American and French revolutions were inspired by ideals of enlightenment, and in the hinges there marked the height of its influence and the beginning of its deterioration. Enlightenment eventually succumbed to 19th-century romance. Early enlightenment: 1685-1730 The most important harbingers of enlightenment of the 17th century included the English Francis Bacon and Thomas Hobbs, the Frenchman René Descartes and the central natural philosophers of the scientific revolution, including Galileo Galilei, Johannes Kepler and Gottfried Wilhelm Leibnitz. Its roots are usually traced back to 1680s England, where for three years Isaac Newton published his scientific, mathematical and philosophical toolkit for the main advances of the Enlightenment. Did you know? In his essay *What is Enlightenment?* (1784), the German philosopher Emmanuel Kant summed up the motto of the era in the following terms: dare to know! There is courage to use your reason! Luke argued that human nature is achievable and that knowledge is gained through accumulated experience rather than access to any external truth. Newton's optical theories and optical theories provided the powerful illuminatory metaphors for precisely measured change and lighting. There was not a single, unified enlightenment. Instead, you can talk about French enlightenment, Scottish enlightenment and English, German, Swiss or American enlightenment. Individual forms of enlightenment often had very different approaches. Locke was different from David Day, Jean-Jacques Rousseau or Voltaire, Thomas Jefferson or Frederick the Great. However, their differences emerged from the common enlightenment issues of rational polling and belief in progress through dialogue. Hey 1730-1780 was based on the dialogues and publications of French philosophers (Walter, Russo, Montesquier, Buffon, Denis Diderot), the high enlightenment can best be summed up in a summary of one historian of Walter's philosophical dictionary: the chaos of clear ideas. First and foremost was the idea that everything in the universe could be reasoned and rationally catalogued. The most prominent publication of the period was *The Diderot Encyclopedia* (1751-1777), which brought together leading authors to produce an ambitious collection of human knowledge. It was an era of enlightened tyrants like Frederick the Great, who united, reasoned and turned Prussia between brutal perennial wars with Austria, and enlightened revolutionaries like Thomas Paine and Thomas Jefferson, whose Declaration of Independence (1776) framed the American Revolution in terms drawn from Luke's essays. It was also a time of religious (and anti-religious) innovation, when Christians sought to reposition their faith along rational, anti-semitic lines, arguing that the universe seemed to set its course without God's intervention. Locke, along with the French philosopher Pierre Bale, began to support the idea of separating church and state. Secret societies — such as the Freemasons, the Bavarian Illuminati and the Rosicrucians — have flourished, offering European men (and some women) new states of camaraderie, esoteric ceremony and mutual assistance. Cafes, newspapers and literary institutes emerged as new places for ideas to distribute. Late Enlightenment and beyond: 1780-1815 The French Revolution of 1789 was the culmination of the high vision of enlightenment of the dumping of the old authorities to recreate society along rational lines, but it evolved into a bloody terror that showed the limits of its ideas and led, a decade later, to the rise of Napoleon. However, the goal of equality attracted the admiration of early feminist Mary Wollstonecraft (mother of author Mary Shelly) and inspired both the War of Independence in Haiti and the radical racial inclusion of Paraguay's first government after independence. Enlightened rationality was based on the savagery of romance, but 19th-century liberalism and classias - not to mention 20th-century modernism - all owe a heavy debt to the scathing of the Enlightenment. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,

Higher Education, Adult Education, Home School, StaffPage 26, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, higher education, adult education, school 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11, 12, higher education, adult education, home school, StaffPage 2The PowerPoint includes the following main topics: Enlightenment, Natural Laws, Thomas Hobbs, John Locke, Social Contract, Montequis Walter, Russo, Cesare Beccaria, Wollstonecraft, Adam Smith, Liz Pierre, Salons, Dennis Diderot, Art and Music of the Enlightenment, Malijnade Despep 36, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, School 45, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 12, adult education, school, StaffPage 56, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, higher education, adult education, HomeschoolPage 6So so far in this series, we've covered a lot of war, disease, climate disaster and a little more war. Well, prepare yourself for something a little more positive. This week, we're talking about the Enlightenment. In this video, you will learn about the ideas of Walter, Russo, Montesquier, Kant, Smith, page 76, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, elementary school, adult education, elementary school staff, 96, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 12, Adult Education, Home School, StaffPage 10Kindergarten, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12thPage 116th 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11, 12, adult education, elementary school 125, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, Higher Education, Elementary School 136, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11, 12, Adult Education, Adult Education, School 147, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, Adult EducationPoint, Home School, StaffPage 15These are full guided notes for My Power: Enlightenment in Europe... Featuring the following main topics: Enlightenment, Laws of Nature, Thomas Hobbs, John Locke, Social Contract, Montesquier, Walter, Russo, Cesare Bakaria, Mary Wollstonecraft, Adam Smith, Laissez FairPage 166th, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, Higher Education, Adult Education, HomeschoolPage 174, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, HomeschoolPage 18These lesson plan that goes with my number of other products, especially: 19.1 powerpoint rate, and Cornell notes, 19.2 powerpoint, lesson, and Cornell notes, 19.3 powerpoint, lesson, And cornell notes, 19.4 powerpoint, rate, and Cornell notes and Test Chapter 19., the unit designed ForPage 19This PowerPoint includes the following main issues: Mercantilism, Navigation Operations, Glorious Revolution, Salute neglect, North vs. South economy, cash crops, contract servants, triple trade, middle passage, Steno rebellion, Salem witches legal, enlightenment, great awakening, French & 207th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, Higher Education, Adult Education, HomeschoolPage 216th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, Higher Education Adult Education, Elementary School 226, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, Higher Education, Adult Education, School 23The Lighting, Jean-Jacques Rousseau, Social Contract, Thomas Hobbs, Leviathan, John Locke, Two Mass of Government, Liberty Of Life and Property, Walter, Diderot, Encyclopedia, Montesquieu, Molly Wollstonecraft, Adam Smith, Liz-Fairpage 242, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, Home School, StaffPage 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, higher education, adult education, schoolPage 26Cornell notes: (History & Government) Sub-Saharan Africa. Cornell, or two columns, notes are a great way to improve metacognition as well as organizational skills. Comments include charts, graphs, photos, main sources, colored details, vocabulary and settings, depen depen

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