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06 Mar, 2020, 01.56 PM ISTAding was announced by BJP MP Kirit Premjibhai Solanki, who is presiding over the Lok Sabha process. Parliament has seen divisive scenes since the start of the budget session on 2 March, with the opposition repeatedly demanding a debate on the violence in Delhi that claimed at least 53 lives.10 Dec - 2019, 08.17 AM IST Congressman Manish Tewari said: The law is in accordance with Rule 14, 15, 21, 25 and 26 Constitution. This is unconstitutional and against the fundamental right to equality. The Constitution prohibits religious discrimination. He also hit out at Home Secretary Amit Shah for invoking India's congressional barrier on the basis of religion.09 Dec, 2019, 07.33 PM ISTInitiating the debate on the Citizenship (Amendment) Act, member of The Congress Manish Tewari said the government had come up with a measure for a political motive that everyone knows but has not explained. He also said that the law violates the provisions of Articles 14, 15, 21, 25 and 26.26 Mar, 2019, 10.24 PM ISTSućaj is concerned with the use of telephone spaces above the stalling losses of 1.79 crore from rs to exchequer25 Jun, 2019, 02.26 PM ISTSpeaking during a debate on the Motion of Thanks to the President's address, dayanidhi Maran of the DMK calls on the BJP to introspect why did the people of Tamila Nadu reject it during the recent polls in Lok Sabha.30 Jul, 2018, 02.30 PM ISTMaran is 25. , and others for setting up illegal telephone lines at his residence in Chennai.19 Feb, 2019, 06.41 AM ISTOct relates to alleged irregularities in the granting of FIPB approval in the Aircel-Maxis arrangement.30 Jan, 2019, 11.04 PM ISTPromousmloration was sub-order 120-B (criminal conspiracy) , 409 (criminal breach of trust) i 420 (cheating), this Anti-Corruption Act.22 Sep , 2020, 07.33 PM ISTThey is on the border of Tamil Nadu and Karnataka, but much of Bengaluru's population is not covered by the Cauvery Tribunal award, but the reservoir, if built, will help if Karnataki is working on a drinking-water bengaluru in a normal year, but that's an extra flow of water.09 Nov. 2018, 10.01 PM ISTJustice A D Jagadish Chandira directed a procedural process to memorize the materials and frame the relevant and necessary allegations u view all sevens dispute.09 Nov. 2018, 12.59 PM ISTTelephone Exchange Case: Madras HC's exashaling maran brothers, say Trial should be conscientious. The case was brought against the Kalani brothers. Indian politician Dayanidhi MaranDayanidhi MaranMinister of Communications and Information Office22. May 2004 – May 16, 2007Prime Minister Manmohan SinghPreced byArun ShourieSucceeded byA. RajaMember of the Indian Parliament for Chennai CentralIncumbentU office 23 May 2019In the OfficeJune 2004 – May 2014Preced byMurasoli MaranSucceeded byS. R. Vijayakumar Personal DetailsBorn (1966-12-05) 5 December 1966 (age 53)Madras, Madras State (now Chennai, Tamil Nadu India)Political partyDravida Munnetra KazhagamSpouse(s)Priya MaranChildrenKaran Maran, Divya MaranAlma materLoyola College, ChennaiWebsitewww.dmaran.inAs of 22 September, 2006Source.[Archives National Informatics Centre]] Dayanidhi Murasoli Maran (5 December 1966.) Indian is a politician and member of the Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam party. During the 2004 general election, the 2009 general election and the 2009 general election, he was elected as an MP for Lok Sabho from the central constituency of Chennai. He is the son of former union minister Murasoli Marano and nephew of former Chief Minister Tamil Nadu and former DMK President M. Karunanidhi. He is the younger brother of Indian billionaire Kalanithi Marana, founder, president and Sun Group. He's married to Priya and has a daughter and a son. Maran has wide exposure in the fields of media, television, cable technology, political economy and management and has been a delegate to numerous international seminars and conferences in various countries. The early life of Karunanidhi Dayanidhi's family tree is the second son of ex-minister Murasoli Marana, who was trade and industrial minister. He is also the nephew of the DMK president and former Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu M Karunanidhi. He is the younger brother of Kalanidhi Marana, founder and CEO of The Sun Network. He was educated at Don Bosco, Egmore, Chennai. He completed his initial education in Tamil Nadu and graduated in economics from Loyola College in Chennai. He also attended the Owner/President Management Programme (OPM) of Harvard Business School (USA). Dayanidhi is married to Priya and they have a daughter, Divya, and son Karan. As a Member of the Union, Dayanidhi Maran accepted the charge of the Union's Minister of Communications and Information Technology in New Delhi on 26 May 2004. In the 2004 election, his winning margin was more than 134,000 votes and he received 62% of the total poll vote. On 26 May 2004 he was appointed Minister of the Union for Communications and Information Technology. During his post as IT minister, rates of mobile phone and phone calls fell drastically, affecting the growth of subscriptions. [3] At the time the foreign direct investment in the ICT sector. A number of multinational telecommunications companies, including Nokia, Motorola, Ericsson, Flextronics and Dell, have set up units in the country. His ministry introduced a One Rupee One India plan across the country, which allowed calls across the country at a rate of 1 ₹ per minute. In December 2007 to December 2010, his ministry set a target of 250 million connections against 75 million in May 2004. [1] [4] [5] During the 2009 elections, he won by 33,454 votes and received 46.82% of all poll votes. He was appointed minister of the Union of Textiles and was an instrument to protect and steer the Indian textile industry into safe waters during the global recession. His policies and initiatives have helped boost exports and given fresh air to a legacy industry scattered with demand and supplies. He launched several infrastructure and development programs to build skills and upgrade technology for the textile industry and helped take Indian products to an unsoud foreign market in East and South Asia through his Look East policy. It also ensured that thousands of rural and marginalised craftsmen &mp; craftsmen were given access to better health and insurance facilities and ensured that the Ministry promoted research and development in all segments of industry, including clothing and handicrafts, and created a common technology platform on a commercial basis to support the adaptation of newer technologies to add value and diversify products. It expanded coverage of the technology upgrade fund scheme, the expanded integrated textile park scheme and represented the working groups on national fibre policy. He created a platform for E-Marketing of Crafts and Crafts and accelerated the revival and modernisation of the Mills of the National Textile Corporation. He upgraded the Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel Institute for Textile Management to the Indian School of Textile Management and Business. This provided a quality human resource in the form of research, industrial engineers, product development managers and trainers. During the 2019 Lok Sabhi elections, he again challenged the central parliamentary constituency of Chennai, which he won for the third time, by voting a staggering 4,48,911 votes and beating the other contestants by a record winning margin of 3.01,520 votes. [6] Elections Disputed Year Electoral District Result Vote Percentage Opposition Candidate Opposition Party Opposition Percentage voting Percentage vote 2004 Chennai Central Won 61.68 N. Balaganga AIADMK 35.52[7] 2009 Chennai Central Won 46.82 S.M.K. Mohamad Ali Jinnah AIADMK 41.34[8] 2014 Chennai Central Lost 36.4 S. R. Vijayakumar AIADMK 42.21[9] 2019 Chennai Central Won Central Won 57.15 S. R. Sam paul PMK 18.77 Notes ^ a Detailed b Profile Profile : Thiru Dayanidhi Maran. Center. 2005. Retrieved 10 November 2013. ‡ a b Dayanidhi Maran profiles. National Centre for Informatics. May 13, 2007. Archived from the original on 25 July 2013. Retrieved 10 November 2013. ‡ Why India Inc loves Dayanidhi? Ibn Live. May 13, 2007. Retrieved 10 November 2013. ‡ Hiscock 2007, p. 78 ^ Vaasanathi, p. 265–6 ^ Results of Chennai Central PC and 2019 Lok Sabha Elections. ^ Statistical Report on the General Election, 2004-14. Lok Sabha (PDF). India's Electoral Commission. P. 281.

Retrieved 10 November 2013. <sup>↑</sup> Statistical report on the general election, 2009 to 14 November 2013. Lok Sabha (PDF). India's Electoral Commission. P. 124. Archived from the original (PDF) on 11 August 2014. Retrieved 10 November 2013. <sup>↑</sup> Statistical Report on the general election, 2014 to 16 November 2013. The Arch of Sabha. Ministry of Statistics. India's Electoral Commission. Archived from the original on 29 May 2014. Retrieved 31 May 2014. Outlook References (October 15, 2008), Outlook, XLVIII Range, No. 28, Delhi: Outlook Outlook (December 22, 2008), Outlook, XLVIII Range, No. 51, Delhi: Outlook Hiscock, Geoff (2007). India's Global Wealth Club: The astonishing rise of its billionaires and their mysteries of success. John Wiley & Sons. ISBN 9780470822388. Vaasanthi (2008). Cutouts, Caste and Cines Stars. Penguin books India. ISBN 9780143063124. External Links QRZ Ham Radio Callsign Database – VU2DMK National Institute of Amateur Radio Retrieved from

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