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Pour over will sample

And you thought you only needed one. Sometimes the situation requires a very specific cocktail companion. You must feel it! We combined the mood with the perfect drink. 1. You just got a job in Manhattan here's your Big Apple Martini. 2. You have just finished spring cleaning cleanse your taste with Dirty Martini. 3. You just dropped 20 pounds now fit into a Bikini Martini. 4. Is it cold and rainy, and is your house teetering on the edge of a cliff? Time for a frozen mudslide. Celebrate with the hummingbird. 6. Your adorable little dog just scared the postman sounds like a salty chihuahua. 7. Winter destroys your perfect tan feel burn with solarium drink. 8. Cat just tore a brand new sofa kick back with Madcat – why worry about spills anymore? 9. You've been eating right all week and don't want to blow up Reach for a real salad in a glass, bloody mary. 10. Your nightmare ex just pointed to an unannounced visit Better make it a double. The Psycho. Check out our collection of cocktail recipes. Photo: istockphoto.comPouring concrete yourself can save you money and build your skills, but without proper equipment and attention to detail, the results can look far from professional. Concrete – generally a combination of cement, sand, gravel and water – is difficult to mix and manipulate. In addition, it's pretty quick drying the Constitution tends to make all the mess-up permanent. Fortunately, whether you plan to make terrace slabs or driveways, working in small areas divided by concrete molds following this guide on how to pour concrete makes this daunting material more manageable. Before you begin, expect to use only more than seven bags of concrete for every cubic meter of concrete in your project. And keep in mind that while concrete can be poured almost all year round, except in freezing conditions, you should be wise to postpone making it in very hot weather. At temperatures above 90 degrees Fahrenheit, concrete can flash set, and when preparing a mix for a higher water-to-mix ratio can prevent it, it can also weaken concrete, making it more likely to crack or flake over time. For an ideal pour, work in temperatures around 60 degrees Fahrenheit or in the early morning to outwit the summer heat. MATERIALS AND TOOLS Available on Amazon - Measuring tape - Squarepoint shovel - Level - Gravel for substrate - Hand tamper - 1×4 boards - Nails - Hammer - Concrete mixture - Filtered water (optional) - Long 1×4 or other plate for use as screed - Groover - Wood float - Magnesium float - Finishing broom - Plastic mixing tub, concrete mixers, or wrecker - Gallon measuring bucket - Work gloves - Safety glasses - Concrete puttersTEP 1 Measures and prepare the area where you plan to pour concrete. If it is about digging up the ground to prepare the substrate, first make sure that no gas lines or buried cables beneath the surface. If your home plans don't show where the buried lines and cables are located, contact the authorities available to you, gas or city authorities. Remove all sticks, twigs, strange stones and other obstacles that could cause air pockets or uneven concrete surface. Then use a 48- to 72-inch level to ensure that the soil is perfectly flat. If not, do some sorting by moving the soil around with a shovel and test with the level again. STEP 2 Compact the subclass – soil or soil that will lie beneath the layer of gravel substrate – by squeezing with a hand tamper. This flat-bottomed plate with an upright broom length handle allows you to apply weight by squeezing or standing on it. Work with your hand evenly over the entire surface to create a solid subclass to prevent concrete from stepping along the line. STEP 3 Place a 4- to 8-inch layer of underlying gravel or stones over the compacted undershove. Open stones are cheaper and allow for more water drainage, but finer stone or gravel compacts better and sometimes can provide a more stable end product. Use manual manipulation to compact the gravel above the substrate. Photo: istockphoto.comSTEP 4 Create a form around the perimeter of the substrate from 1×4 plates and nails, into which you will directly pour concrete mixture. Use the level to ensure that the mold is of uniform height, which will help to ensure the level of concrete in the finishing stages. If you use this particular project for heavy-load bearings, such as a driveway or base for a work shelter, it might be wise to use reinforcement or wire mesh to help strengthen it. STEP 5 Don your glasses and gloves to prepare for mixing concrete. You can rent a concrete mixer for about \$85 a day, but a wrecker, shovel, and elbow grease will do the trick. If you have hard water in your region, mix with filtered water to prevent the whitish appearance of flowering flowering on concrete. (Detailed information on concrete mixing, including how much you need and the correct consistency, can be found here.) Keep a five-gallon bucket of water or garden hose nearby to use for cleaning tools and mixing vessels to prevent concrete from setting up. STEP 6 Tilt the scrambled concrete tister into the mold to teed the contents. If you have enlisted friends to help, get all hands on board and scrape the concrete into the form as quickly as possible. Be sure to pour enough concrete to fill up to the top of the form boards, which will make it easier to finish the concrete. Rinse the wrecker as soon as it is empty to prevent the residue from curing. STEP 7 Quickly fry the poured concrete before it starts to set with a clean, long plank of wood, such as 1×4 or 2×4. Ideally, it counts down the narrow side of the screed plate over the top of the form boards on both sides of the perimeter, with the screed plate in contact with the concrete surface. Now jig it and further slightly as you hand-drag it from one end of a particular project to the other to smooth out and level the concrete. Repeat this step as needed until you reach a smooth surface. STEP 8 For truly professional work, use both a wooden or bull float and a magnesium float for further smoothing of concrete. First, use a larger flat-bottomed wood or bull float on concrete. When pushing the wood float away from you, make the other side slightly elevated, and when it brings the float back towards you, the side pointing you should be slightly raised-it will help avoid pulling marks. Use magnesium hand to float next, with sweeping semicircle movements for final completion. STEP 9 Groove concrete every four to six feet in width. This will allow to expand and contract with temperature changes, preventing surface cracks. Groovers can be tools with a long handle for standing and at your fingertips or hand tools for working up close. Both work in the same way, cutting grooves through the depth of concrete. The long-handle slotter makes it easier to transition a wider project with a more straight line. STEP 10 For edge against slippage in wet conditions brush concrete by dragging the broom over the surface. Let the concrete set just enough so that brushing does not cause clumps. (How long you wait will depend on the temperature and humidity in which you work.) If clumping occurs, smooth the part again with a magnesium float and give it a little more time. Once the concrete is no longer on the broom, make a light tug of pattern throughout the area. Make sure that the grooves of the brushed pattern are not so deep that water can be simulated in them, as this can cause the surface to peel off over time. Once the entire surface is grooved, you will create safe anti-slip traction. STEP 11 Now seal the concrete with concrete putty recommended by the local home center. Once you have used putty, take precautions to protect the concrete by turning it away so that it can be safely cured for the 28 days recommended by the industry. Do not be afraid to walk on concrete after three days, because it does not create adheses or grooves, but it is recommended not to say or park on concrete for at least seven days. For heavy equipment (for example, a concrete truck), it is best to wait a full 28 days. To make the concrete look great for decades, wash it regularly with soapy water and rinse. Resealing every five years will further protect her. Remove oil stains and grease from concrete with TSP and other cleaning agents. Sign up for the Do It Right newsletter, do it yourself! Explore Health Conditions AZ News Coronavirus Diet & Nutrition Fitness Beauty Mind & Body Lifestyle Weight Loss Newsletter Promo For years, young undergraduates have introduced themselves to the city's nightlife by enjoying cheap drinks and cheaper burgers in this pleasantly ratty The service is friendly, the food is decent and the beers are cold. The all-day breakfast makes it a great stop for the next day. Lately I've been wasting too much money on impulse buys that haven't come to be something almost as good as I expected. Like most people, I can't really afford to do this, so I started thinking about how I could get hold of some of the things I'm eyeing on without revealed to be a big waste of money if they don't live up to advertising claims or are simply useless. A friend suggested trying to get free samples so I could try before I could buy them, and that's exactly what I was doing! This post is written in the context of things like perfume and makeup and all those fun things, but you can use the same strategies for other things that you can get in small quantities (examples include food (in a restaurant or food counter), drinks, ice cream, wallpaper, the list goes on)). Here are some tips for getting free samples that have worked well for me over the past few months: Asking for it. It won't always work, but if you're a regular customer or spend a significant amount of money in a particular store, it may well be worth asking if you can get a free sample of the product. I did it on two occasions and was surprised that it actually worked. First of all I was in a small shop that I don't necessarily spend a lot of money on at one point, but I still have what you would call a very regular customer due to my very frequent visits. On my last visit, I was buying lip balm and noticed that there was a new item in my price range that was a bit different than the others, and since I tend to stick to what I know, I wasn't sure if I wanted to buy it. At the counter, I thought about the new item, and potentially I wanted to try it out with the cashier, and she agreed to give me a tester-style pot to take. This probably wouldn't have happened in a larger store that has more cashiers because you're more anonymous, but in this case, of course, I'm known to employees as someone who shops there regularly, so they were more inclined to do so. In the latter case, I was buying some MAC makeup at the department store as an actuate for someone else and spotted an item that I might like for myself, but that was more than I would usually pay for. Since these items are going to add up to around \$75, I asked if I could get a small sample to try. I have a sample and it turned out that I didn't end up liking the items in question and I was very glad I didn't go ahead and buy it so it saved me from wasting a lot of money! Check product websites. This can be a good way to get hold of perfume samples in particular. Perfume websites often have a page where you can sign up for a free sample. When it comes, don't be too surprised if pattern on the back of the zip code, but at least you have the opportunity to smell perfume. I tend to look for perfume samples if I plan to buy perfume online and want to be sure that this is definitely what I expected before I place an order. Use the 'freebie' website. Checking 'freebie' websites that combine free sample offers can be a convenient way to track what is currently available. Some websites that you may find useful include the Mad O Savings Forum (check out the freebies and demos section), Start sampling, Walmart free samples/a>, Freebielist and GoFreebies. Internet search. If the 'freebie' website doesn't call up a specific free sample that you're after, you may be lucky enough to do a Google search for it. Writing in something like a Lacoste perfume pattern can trigger a place that has a very sample. Companies are usually very generous in offering you free samples in the hope that you will continue buying the full-size version, so you may be surprised how readily available they are. This may be the case by simply pushing your luck and trying to talk your way into the sample, but you may need to do a little more fieldwork to get what you want. Do you have any good strategies for getting free samples? What types of products have you been able to obtain samples for? See why 218,388 people subscribed to our newsletter. Newsletter.