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## Blue jeans history timeline

PreK, Kindergarten, 1st, 2nd, HomeschoolPage 2 Race sets the football field on the end zone. Pick up speed boosters along the way! More games to play SEE HOW IT WORKSwith good tools and training programs that eliminate achievement gaps with the right tools and training program, who suffer from achievements sees the COMMUNICATION work with the right tools and curricula, which suffers from a lack of achievementRedzing how it works with the right tools and curricula to address the achievement gapsSeskat, how it works with the right tools and curricula, which will address the achievement gapSkat how IT WORKS WITH the right tools and curricula that address the achievement gaps, and we want to help. The TouchMath Holiday Savings event runs through December 31st and offers some of our favorite items for steep discounts. Let your students get involved with mathematics in a whole new way! 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TouchMath is committed to maximizing students' potential through its worldwide delivery of practical mathematics programs, cultivating success with individuals of all abilities and learning styles. Get Updates and Special Offers! Call us product and sales: 1855.929.0880 Customer Service: 1.800.888.9191 © 2020 TouchMath. 5445 Mark Dabbling Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80918 Privacy Policy Legal Information Touchpoint Math – Displaying the top 8 worksheets found in this concept. Some of the worksheets of this concept are Touchmath second-grade, Touchmath Kindergarten, Introduction to Touchmath, Math Lesson Plan 9, Grade 4 math, Regrouping s1, To count money using touch points touch each coin, Working 1 title 2 digits in addition to regrouping usage. Found worksheet are you looking? To download/print, click the pop-up or print icon worksheets to print or download. The worksheet will open in a new window. &amp; You can download or print using browser document reader options. We use cookies to give you a good experience, as well as ad measurements, rather than to personalize ads. Show information This post may contain affiliate links. Affiliate links help support my family and my blog. For more information, please read my disclosure policy. When I was in elementary school I remember always having so hard to memorize my addition and subtraction of facts. Fortunately, I was an amazing teacher in grade 1 who taught my class something called Touch Points. This is definitely not a new mathematical concept. However, it is a concept that has been stuck with through the years and that I still have every day myself. Touch Points: Making math as easy as 1 in 3 So what exactly are the touch points? For those who are not familiar with this concept, this is essentially where the numbers are imaginary points placed on them in certain places. Remember where these points are, you can use them to count them when working with a mathematical problem. This eliminates the need to rely on your fingers. Each number has many touch points about it (which means that 4 touch points, 8 has 8, and so on). Once you've really remembered where those touch points are, it's kind of like riding a bike. You will never forget them again. How Touch Points Have Saved My Homeschool Math Can Be a Total Battle Sometimes in Our Homeschool. I always struggled with math growing up, and my hubsterdude did too. Unfortunately, we seem to have passed without the math gene to a couple of our girls too. KK, my (almost) 9 year old seems to be struggling with fact memorizing the most. I knew I had to come up with a way for her to have a resource she could access any time she needed refreshing. Check out the Homeschool Nook Link Up #911 created a printable document that shows where each of the touch points is in a colorful and fun way. Initially I had printed them on the card stock, cut them into little flash cards and laminated them to keep them durable and durable. I also stuck a full page printable into the page guard for her school binder, so she has a copy with her anytime we have taken our school on the road with us. This resource really helps KK get through those tough math problems that she doesn't quite memorize just yet. Fortunately, this simple counting tool will help her for the rest of her life when she needs help figuring out a math problem. Fortunately these pesky fingers won't be that way anymore either. Download Your Free Printable Can touch points visual help your child solve math problems too? Today I'm sharing my touch-points math printables with you. As you can see below, there are two different styles from choose (because who doesn't love the possibilities?!). Click here to download these FREE touch point point flash cards. Check out some of these other math manipulative options that could help young students with their math lessons. Melissa &amp; Doug Pattern Blocks and Boards - Classic Doodle with 120 Solid Wood Shapes and 5 Double-Sided PanelsLearning Resources Pop Adding &amp; Subtraction GameLearning Resources View-Thru Geometric Solids (L4Colored) Nasco TB25762 Kids help Poley collect, sort and graph random items in this silly space game. The browser you are using is out of date and not officially supported. Please upgrade to a better experience when using the site. Practice Math Games Practice Math Apps Digital Textbook Counting adding Up Number Properties Positions Comparison Geometry Graphing Positions - 3x3 Grid Venn Charts Interpreting Graphs Measurement Subtraction Slideshare uses cookies to improve functionality and performance, and provide you with appropriate advertising. If you continue browsing the site, you agree to the use of cookies on this website. See our user agreement and privacy policy. Slideshare uses cookies to improve functionality and performance, as well as to provide you with appropriate advertising. If you continue browsing the site, you agree to the use of cookies on this website. For details, see our privacy policy and user agreement. The word jeans come from a kind of material that was made in Europe. The material, called jean, was named after sailors from Genoa in Italy because they wore clothes made of it. At first, the denim fabric was made of a mixture of things. However, in the eighteenth century, as trade, slave labor, and cotton plantations increased, jean fabric was made entirely of cotton. The staff wore it because the material was very powerful and it didn't wear out easily. It was usually painted with indigo, a color taken from plants in America and India that made jean fabric dark blue. In 1853, a man called Leob Strauss left his home in New York and moved to San Francisco, where he started a wholesale business, supplying clothes. Ostrich later changed his name from Leob to Levi. Fewer jeans were made during World War II, but waist overalls were introduced to the world of American soldiers who sometimes wore them when they were off duty. After the war, Levi began selling his clothes outside the American West. Competing companies such as Wrangler and Lee began to compete with Levi for a share of this new market. In the 1950s, jeans became popular with young people. It was a symbol of teenage rebel TV programs and movies. Some schools in the U.S. banned students from wearing denim. Teenagers called waist overalls jean pants - and the name In the 1960s many, many university and college students wore jeans. Various denim styles were made to suit 60 fashions: embroidered jeans, dyed jeans, psychedelic jeans ... In many non-Western countries, jeans became a symbol of Western decadence and were very difficult to obtain. U.S. companies said they often received letters from people around the world asking them to send writer jeans across as the rules of world trade became relaxed in the late 1970s as jeans began to perform more and more sweatshops in countries in the South. As workers were paid very little, the jeans became cheaper. More people in southern countries began to wear jeans. The 1980's jeans finally became high fashion clothing when famous designers began to make their own style jeans, with their labels on them. Sales of jeans increased and increased. Today, jeans are the stuff of high-end designer wear. Intermediate English resource. Blue jeans are the most popular type of clothing in the world; but they are not fashionable! In fact, jeans have existed for over 160 years. In 1996, someone found very old clothes in an old mine in Nevada, USA; they included a pair of dirty old jeans. Today, these jeans are very valuable, and now they are Levi Strauss archival collection, San Francisco. Jeans, older than 140 years, are the oldest pair of Levi's 501 jeans in the world. They are almost the same as the modern couple's 501's; there are only a few minor differences in detail. For example, today's 501's have two back pockets, the old pair just has one. Jeans were classic clothes for the American West. In 1853, a young german edimaker called Levi Strauss started working in San Francisco; Levi sold a thick canvas to miners; miners use canvas to make tents. One day the miner told Levi that he couldn't find pants that were strong enough for work in gold mines. Levi decided to take some pants from the canvas. Very soon he had sold all the canvas pants he had made! They were exactly what the miners wanted. However, the canvas was quite heavy and stiff. Therefore, Levi began to search for other textiles; soon he found heavy textiles from France; it was called serge de Nimes. Americans just called this de Nimes, and this name soon got reduced denim. Denim was a bit lighter than the canvas, but it was very strong; it was perfect for miners. However, the original denim was almost white, and the miners did not like the color! Their denim trousers became dirty as soon as they started working! Levi Strauss therefore decided to use colored denim, and he chose dark blue. In 1873 he started denim pants with metal studs to make them stronger. It was a radical new idea: Blue jeans had arrived! Levi's jeans were so popular, his company got bigger and bigger; soon, other companies were making blue jeans too. The miners liked them, but so did cowboys and other working men. Blue jeans became a classic American work pants. After the Second World War jeans became popular all over the world. Today, blue jeans are made all over the world - most of them in Asia. Very few jeans are now made in the US because of the cost: but it is still possible to buy blue jeans that are made in San Francisco... if you have a lot of money to spend. Today there are hundreds of different brands of jeans. Many top fashion brands, such as Armani or Benetton, make their own blue jeans. But in real authentic jeans, Levi's remains the most popular brand. In America, everyone wears jeans as a leisure outfit. Some people wear jeans all the time, even for work. But Americans are probably less formal than other nations. At the G7 summit in Denver in 1997, U.S. President Bill Clinton gave all his visitors jeans, on a Western evening. British Prime Minister Tony Blair nominated them, but other European leaders, including German Chancellor Kohl and French President Jacques Chirac, refused. Some people still think that jeans are not a respectable outfit! Not new! Jeans are now international uniforms worn by young people. Why? That's a good question! WORD GUIDE for example: for example: - clothes maker - canvas: a very strong fabric shape used for tents or artists - stiff: rigid: rigid - chose: (from choose), selected - leisure clothing: clothing for free time - , this page is optimized for printing Copyright © Linguapress. Do not copy this document to any other website Copying allowed for personal study, or teachers to use with their students The Story of Blue Jeans – Exercise Interactive – to use on screen or on paper: Fill out this article summary by inserting appropriate words. Take a screenshot to save your answers. Other ideas? EFL Teachers: Help develop this resource by providing additional training materials or exercises. Click here for more details originally published on the Freeway, a mid-level English newsmagazine. You are not allowed to return to Linguapress website by transfers to other websites or in printed form

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