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Here is a click event, defined in a snippet layout, and usually we have to identify a public method, ImageView android:layout\_width'wrap\_content android:layout\_height'wrap\_content android:contentDescription @null android:onClick'onMessageViewClick android:clickable'true android:focusable'true'gt;'gt;imageView'gt; onMessageViewClick in the public void host onMessageViewClick No problem, but run straight to error: java.lang.IllegalStateException: Can't find a xxx method in parent or ancestor Context for android: onClick attribute is determined by the presentation of the Class Solution: determine the change in the activity of the holding piece may be the cause of the analysis: 1. Error information: You can't find a method called onMessageViewClick in the appropriate context (actually, it's completely clear here, you can't find a method In the context of viewing) So see how the system searches for the appropriate method when we press the view: right above the screenshot, here is an internal class image.png look at the properties in the view class to see what it is (worship) mHostView: The view of mMethodName, which defines the property onClick: the method of the name mContext Reflection: Reflection method is called the method of reflection (The method of reflection is called the method of reflection). here mResolvedCon Why can't I find a way in the context of the presentation, I've identified it, right? But mind you, the method we define is in the Fragment, a fragment, a piece of context? Of course not, look at the definition of a fragment of the class image.png fragment has a life cycle, is the manager of vision, not context, so you define the method in a piece of the system, of course can not find. So who is the context of the view? In the realm of using a snippet, who else is (ridiculous) except that it's context? Fragments can also be used directly in our layout files. ?xml version/1.0 encoding'utf-8?'lt;'lt;LinearLayout xmlns:android' xmlns:tools' android:layout\_width'match\_parent android:layout\_height'match\_parent android:orientation'vertical:context.home.activity.MainActivity'gt; zlt;fragment android:id'id/fragmentTest android:name'com.home.fragment.test android:layout\_width'match\_parent android:layout\_height'match\_parent'lt;'lt;/fragment'gt; (LinearLayout; So how about getting a piece of inactivity? FragmentManager FragmentManager s getSupportFragmentManager () TestFragment testFragment s (TestFragment) fragmentManager.findFragmentById (R.id.fragmentTest); Note: Regardless of whether we need to use the snippet in action, we must declare the property id or declare the property tag for the piece, otherwise the exception will be reported образом: Используйте свойство тера.&lt;?xml version=1.0 encoding=utf-8?'>\*&lt;/LinearLayout &gt;\*&gt; xmlns:app'/:/schehtmas.android.com/apk/res-auto xmlns:tools' layout\_width'match\_parent android:match\_parent layout\_height'match\_parent android:orientation'vertical tools: .home.activity.MainActivity (layout\_width match\_parent android:layout\_height'match\_parent/fragment/fragment/fragment/fragment.) TestFragment testFragment s (TestFragment) fragmentManager.findFragmentByTag (TestFragment); Note here using findFragmentByTag () method Exclusion information is as follows: Called: android.view.InflateException: XML file binary line #45: Error inflating a class snippet Caused by: java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Binary XML file line #45: Must indicate unique android: ID, Android: tag, or parent with ID for com.bawie.bawaymall160a.home.fragment.catagoryFragment on. android.support.v4.app.FragmentManagerImpl.onCreateView (FragmentManager.java: 3717) at android.support.v4.app.FragmentController.onCreateView (FragmentController.java: 120) at android.support.v4.app.FragmentActivity.dispatchFragmentsOnCreateView (FragmentActivity.java:405) at.support.v4.app.FragmentActivity.onCreateView (FragmentActivity.java:387) at android.view.LayoutInflater.createViewFromTag (LayoutInflater.java: 777) at.view.LayoutInflater.createViewFromTag (LayoutInflater.java: 727) on android .view.LayoutInflater.inflate (LayoutInflater.java:858) at android.view.LayoutInflater.inflateChildren (LayoutInflater.java: 821) android.view.LayoutInflater.inflate (LayoutInflater.java: 518) at android.view.LayoutInflater.inflate source:426-look.com.au android.support.v7.appCompatActivity.setContentView (AppCompatActivity.java: 140) at com.bawie.bawaymall160a.activity.MainActivity.onCreate (MainActivity.java:23) When you start exploring Android, you are so attracted to the onClick method in XML that you simply identify the appropriate function in the Java file, and then you set the name of the function you want to call in onClick, and you're convinced every time of this simple and effective magic method... It's always been curious why there are so many useful properties onClick, and so many people have to go close to the distance setting onClickListener, rewrite the onclick function. It wasn't until once I shared the code with someone else - the job is to port a few pages that I wrote in a few snippets in the mainactivity of my teammate - that I sneeredly tortured the XML file, tortured the appropriate function in every snippet of the Java file, and found out! All my onclick broken! 0 mouth 0. Every time you press a button, the whole project collapses! Report the following error: java.lang.IllegalStateException: I can't find toInterest (View) Parent or ancestor Context for Android: onClick attribute is defined by the kind of class android.widget.Button with ID 'changeInterest' after checking some information only to find that the original property onclick can not be used in the xml snippet ... Since the snippet is stored in the inflator, only the generation of fragments can find items in the fragment through ID, so the name of the feature is given directly onClick, apparently without providing direct correspondence between the function and the button. So the error request didn't find the feature you wanted. So, when I started thinking about the meaning of the existence of OnClickListener, and realized that the original android: onClick and OnClickListener were exactly the same mechanism: View.OnclickListener is the interface that defines the onclick function, and if you use the onclick feature without implementing the OnclListlickener interface, android will call it for you yourself. If you implement this interface manually, the java background doesn't need to help you implement it, just wait for click action and call the features in OnclickListner. Since Java can automatically help us implement this interface, why should we define it manually? This is due to the limitations of Onclick, which can only look for features in current activities, because by installing OnclickListener through code we can handle click events in onCreateView, but XML's onclick can't, leading to problems that I've had before. Then find the cause of the problem solved, in onCreateView using onclicklistener listening to click events, the specific code is this: Java file: public class activity\_settingmain extends the snippet ... BtnToInterest button: Private static final string TAG s activity\_settingmain activity\_settingmain: @Override

I've had before. Then find the cause of the problem solved, in onCreate using onClickListener listening to click events, the specific code is this. Java file: public class activity\_settingmain expands the snippet ... btnToInterest button, private static final string TAG's activity\_settingmain, @Override public void onCreate @Override (Bundle savedInstanceState); ViewGroup R.layout.activity\_settingmain container, The kit is retained in the state. .... null); Find the btnToInterest button to monitor, view.findViewById (R.id.changeInterest); btnToInterest.setOnClickListener (newView.OnClickListener @Override) Public Void ToInterest (View View) (/ Here determines what should be done after clicking), the following code allows you to simply go to the page of the new intention (intention activity\_settingmain.this.getActivity (), ModifyGender.class); XML file: @style/arrowButton android:id:id/changeInterest android:text Текерь функция onclick может работать плавно на странице фрагмента! \ щелчок \ в макете фрагмента... <imageView android:layout\_width=wrap\_content android:layout\_height=wrap\_content android:contentDescription=@null android:layout\_width=wrap\_content android:layout\_height=wrap\_content android:contentDescription=@null></imageView android:layout\_width=wrap\_content android:layout\_height=wrap\_content android:contentDescription=@null > &gt; android:clickable true android:Focused/> Typically, we need to identify a publicly available method calledMesageViewClick in the host, public void onMessageViewClick View v. It doesn't look like a problem, but it doesn't look like a problem, but run straight: java.lang.IllegalStateException: Can't find the xxx method in parent or pre-context for android: onClick attribute is determined by the viewing class solution: to determine the change in the activity of holding a snippet can be an analysis of the reasons: 1 Error Information: You can't find a method called onMessageViewlickC in an appropriate context (actually, it's quite clear here, I can't find a way, in the context of viewing) So look at how the system is looking for an appropriate method when we click the view: take a screenshot right above, here's an internal class in the class presenting image.png Look at the properties to see as it looks (worship) mHostView: viewmMethodName, which defines the property onClick: the name of the method mResolvedContext: Reflection of the object mResolved Method: Reflection method is so the kind is called the method of reflection (you don't have to look at the source code know), here mResolvedContext through View.getContext to get image.png so, view in context, why can not find a method, I can not find it. But mind you, the method we define is in the Fragment, a fragment, a piece of context? Of course not, look at the definition of a fragment of the class image.pngfragment has a life cycle, is the manager of vision, not context, so you define the method in a fragment of the system, of course can not find. So who is the context of the view? In the realm of using a snippet, who else is (ridiculous) except that it's context? Author: Page 2

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