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Please turn on JavaScript to view this page. Tenses Download e-book Download e-book Print This post Present Continuous (or Progressive) is a tense used to express situations that are happening now (before, during and after the conversation). When expressed in its negative form, the verb denies that something is happening now. The present continuous, in its negative form, has this structure: The theme to be, not the verb -ing ... A short form of negative shape is the same as a short form to be: I'm not - you're not / you're not - it's not / it's not ... Theme to be - not glagol - ING I don't work You don't work It doesn't work It doesn't work It doesn't work We don't work They don't work For exceptions see the affirmative form of the present continuous. Actions taking place at the time of conversation We do not do our homework. She's not watching TV at the moment. I don't use a dictionary. Actions that are planned for the future, I do not fix the shelves tonight. He doesn't buy a computer on weekends. We're not going to repeat the class next week. The changes and trends I don't get happier and happier. I'm not getting better at exams. Teaching does not improve its classes. I don't always do my homework. The student does not ask questions again. I don't always photocopy the sheets for you! Temporary events. He's not looking for a map. I don't buy pens. Classmates do not work in groups. We use the present continuous, in its negative form, to deny: Actions taking place at the moment of conversation; Actions that are planned for the future; Changes and trends; A sequence of events; Temporary events (which will end in the future); The present continuous, in a negative form, is used to deny situations that occur at the time of conversation. When we use the present continuous in its negative form, we begin with the theme followed by the verb to be rather than the verb that ends -ing. For example: - He is not working on an important project today. We use the present continuous to express the action that occurs during the conversation (at that moment). • He's not working on important projects. We use the present simply to express an action that occurs repeatedly or always in the present. Let's revise this content in the Form section. Take a look at the Example section, which shows its use in context. Information is now a continuous tense, negative form made using NO, and question forms are made by changing the order of the word sentence. This page explains the rules. 1. The formation of a negative negative in the present continuous is formed by adding no or n't after the verb BE: Offer Negative Sentence Contract negative I eat. I don't eat. I don't eat. You're working. You don't work. You don't work. He's driving. He's not driving. He's not driving. She teaches. She doesn't teach. She doesn't teach. It's raining. It's not raining. It's not raining. We read. We don't read. We don't read. They write. They don't write. They don't write. 2. The formation of the Yes/No question question is created by moving the VERB BE to the beginning of the sentence. WH-questions are formed by moving the verb BE and then adding the WH word. Here are the rules: Statement yes/no issue WH-issue that I eat. Do I eat? What am I saying? You're crying. Are you crying? Why are you crying? He's coming. Is he going? Where's he going? She's coming. Is she coming? When will she arrive? He's asleep. He's asleep? Why is he sleeping? Why is he leaving. Are we leaving? When do we leave? They're fighting. Are they fighting? Why are they fighting? When you are sure you understand the lesson, you can continue your exercise. Put the verb in brackets in the gap and form negative suggestions in the present Progressive. Use long forms of the hashic only. Maria magazines. (not/read) Answer: Maria does not read magazines. Listen to the audio lesson: Negative form of the present continuous (progressive) stressful How can we make a negative present continuous sentence tense? Form: The theme is - has - not the main verb -ing - object With the theme I we use has a verb, which I do not watch TV. Short Form: I don't watch TV. I don't play football. I'm not going home. With the subject he, it is, and special nouns (e.g.: Tom, boy, man, teacher...) We use the verb to eat - not verb -ing. He doesn't learn English. Short Form: He does not learn English. / He's not learning English She's not going home. It's not raining. Sally's not running. This man doesn't talk. With the subject you, us, them and multiple nouns (e.g.: Tom and Ted, boys, men, teachers...) we use the verb - not verb-ing. You're not doing your homework. Short Form: You don't do your homework. / You don't do your homework. We're not waiting for you. They don't learn French. Pitt and Sandra aren't running. Boys don't play in the garden. Sally and I aren't learning. Negative Structure Table Theme I Auxiliary I'm not a Verb work. Have. watch TV learning English rain. Short Form I'm Not You We're Boys Tom and Ted Aren't You're Not They're Not He's a Sally Teacher Not She's Not It's Not An Example Of a Sentence: I'm Not Reading My Grammar Book Now. Children don't cry. My father and mother don't drink coffee. We're not watching a tennis match right now. She's not listening to me. Robin's not smiling. They don't sleep. You're not telling me the right thing. in the proposal This website was written to teach English grammar and vocabulary through interactive lessons and an example of suggestions for showing and learning how to use these grammar points and words in a sentence with meaning in genuine examples. You can practice English while learning English. Facebook Privacy Conditions: Our Facebook Twitter page: Our Twitter Page Building Action and Non-Action Verbs Negative Forms Issues To Create a Positive Statement, using the current continuous time, we use the auxiliary verb to be with the verb present participle (gerund). Design: Theme and Be and The Glagol Gerund (... ING Form) Examples: I study English. She's having dinner with Stephen. Paul reads a book. We're waiting for the train. When do we use the real continuous? (1) We can use the present continuously to talk about actions that occur or are unfinished during a conversation. For example: I study English. (I'm doing it now...) They're watching TV. (They're doing it now...) Paolo's making dinner. Children play in the garden. (2) We can use the present continuous to talk about the longer action that continues; however, we might not be able to do so in this exact second. For example: I'm reading a good book by Stephen King. (This action is in the process, but I don't read during the speech.) I'm studying medicine at university. (It's an action in the process, but I don't learn while talking.) (3) We can use the present continuous to talk about temporary states that are true during the speech. For example: I visit friends in Rome. (I stay in Rome for a few days) I live with my sister until I find a new apartment. We can only use the Action of the Verb in the present uninterrupted time. 'Action Verbs' are verbs that describe what we do. For example: Read, write, talk, eat, ride, walk, cook, draw, play, teach, do, take we do not use non-action verbs with a real continuous time. The verbs Non-Action Verbs are verbs, described feelings, emotions, beliefs, possession, etc. For example: How, Love, Want, Own, Believe, Remember, Forget, Listen, Look, Taste, Listen Normally, Present Continuous indicates that you are in the middle ... do something. As a general test, when you want to talk about the present time, if you can't replace the auxiliary to be... ING's. Be in the middle ... present continuous is probably not the right time to use. Look at these examples: I like this pizza. I am in the middle of liking this pizza and not right. not a verb of action, and does not occur. It can't be continuous. You like (or don't like) something. I like this pizza is right. I don't believe you. I'm not in the middle of believing you and wrong. 'Believe' is a verb of state, not a verb of action. It can't be continuous. Do you believe (or you don't believe) someone or something. I don't believe you, that's right. Exceptions to have 'Claudia has a BMW' - 'Claudia is in the middle of having a BMW' and is not correct. Here, 'have' describes the possession and verb of non-action. The verb to have cannot be used with a real continuous if it is used to talk about possession. You have (or don't) have something. Claudia has a BMW is correct. However, 'To have' can also be used as a verb of common action. Claudia takes a shower. Claudia is in the middle with a shower. Here to have is used as a common verb and is a verb of action. If the verb 'is' is used as a verb of general action, it can be used with a real continuous. 'She dines.' and I'm washing. They are both true because to have used as a common verb. I think you're right. I'm in the middle of thinking you're right. I think you're right. That's right. However, Thinking can also mean consider, and with this meaning it can be used in continuous form. For example, I'm thinking about buying a new car. That's right. Here, thinking about is the action in progress and means I am considering buying ... Negative forms are used to talk about things that don't happen during a conversation. To create a negative statement with the current continuous, add no after auxiliary be. Form: Theme : Be and not th Verb Gerund. He doesn't work very hard. You're not driving fast enough. Negative form can be reduced, as shown below: I don't work, I don't work (There's no other possible acronym) You don't work - you don't work or you don't work - It doesn't work or it doesn't work - Positive formsSPose positive questions using real continuous, we invert the topic and be. Form: (Word of question) - Being a subject and Verb Gerund Examples: Am I driving too fast? Are you talking to me? Where are you going? What are you? The questions - Negative questionsIt is not often to ask negative questions in the first person now continuously. To make negative issues using the present continuous we add no to this issue. Form: (Word of question) Be - Not - Theme - The Verb Of Gerund Forms 'be' and 'not' shortened. Examples: Doesn't it work today? Why isn't it working today? You're not working today? Why aren't you working today? Positive negative questions (positive) Issues (negative) My sister is preparing dinner Are you not very good at driving today do you watch TV? Are you not feeling well? I'm staying at the Hilton, she's not learning very hard, do you fall asleep? Why aren't you sleeping? They're learning English in Milan, I'm not cooking tonight! What are you? Why isn't Paolo working today? Note: This Continuous can also be used to talk about the future. Future, present continuous negative form exercises. present continuous negative form examples. present continuous negative form worksheet. present continuous negative form grammar. present continuous negative form exercises pdf. present continuous negative form english. present continuous negative form sentences. present simple and present continuous negative form

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