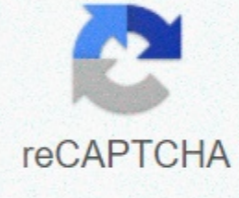




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Kingsborough early college school

Trade schools typically eliminate public education and liberal arts classes. Instead, they offer specialized training in special and skilled calls. To that end, some people call these institutions vocational schools - umbrella terms that can include careers and technical schools as well. Although these terms are sometimes used interchangeably, there are subtle differences. Trade school education usually leads to a career in skilled trading, while technical and career schools focus on general practice training and marketable skills. In addition, programs in engineering schools often feature more college-style classes than trade schools. The trade school provides a diploma or certificate upon completion. Depending on the trade, graduates may be eligible to enter their profession directly, or they may need to sit down for a license check or become an intern or explorer. Most trade school programs offer much shorter courses than traditional universities, allowing students to enter their career fields faster. Plumber Masseur Assistant Nursing Dental Hygienic Commercial Driver Home Inspector Respiratory Therapist Radiation Therapist Welder Massage Therapist Carpenter Locksmith Esthetician Time to Complete Program: Trade School vs. College When comparing trade schools vs. colleges, most prospective students will see a difference in completion time first. While traditional college degrees typically take four years, trade school programs often take less than two years to complete. Here are some upsides to enrolling in a short program. The benefits of the Short School Trade program benefit students in some ways. First, this condensed program allows students to enter the job market faster, which means they start earning money and build experiences faster as well. Shorter programs also mean fewer time commitments, which makes enrollment to pursue education less daunting. Second, shorter trade school programs often mean less paid in tuition fees, even when rates are comparable. With less time spent at school, most students end up paying lower school-related fees. It also means fewer travel costs, less course materials, and even a shorter period of time than the job market, making no money. Higher education can also be challenging, and some students will find it exhausting. According to EducationData, more than 40% of undergraduates drop out of college, and 30% of those students drop out before the second year. More programs can combat this fatigue, allowing students to stay engaged and complete their studies before they hit that wall. Average Salary: Trade School Jobs vs. College-Based Jobs When weighing the pros and cons of a trading school, potential salaries can fall on both sides. Some vocational programs lead to careers with huge financial rewards, but overall, careers that require college tend to pay more. We explore further differences below. Average Trade Jobs Salaries While the average salary for a degree-based career typically exceeds that for a trade-based career, some trade school graduates earn much higher wages than people might expect. After gaining specialized training, tradespeople can increase their income with experience, especially when working in niche fields. Location can also affect trade pay, as some states and territories offer higher-than-average wages due to demand, state requirements, and living costs. In general, areas with high population densities pay more than rural areas, but students still have to research salaries in their local area before committing to new trade and career programs. For example, electricians earn more on the East Coast and West Coast than they do in the central states. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), electricians make an overall annual average salary of \$60,370, but they earn \$70,000 in California, \$75,000 in Oregon, and \$79,000 in New York. Data in the field of dental hygiene is similar. According to the BLS, West Coast pays a much higher rate for hygienic gear than the national median of \$76,000. For example, Washington pays \$93,000 a year; California paid \$106,000; and Alaska paid \$115,000. High-Paying Trade School Careers Position Construction Manager Annual Salary \$95,260 Radiation Therapist \$85,560 Ultrasonographer \$75,780 Dental Hygiene \$76,220 Respiratory Therapist \$61,330 Source: BLS Salaries for College-Based Jobs Compared to trade school jobs, college-based jobs tend to pay more. While both types of jobs pay more with experience, the wage gap between college-based careers and trade actually increases as professionals progress along their career paths. In particular, management careers tend to offer high wages, but often require a four-year degree to qualify. For example, according to BLS employment data, business majors can earn an average annual wage of \$80,000 as a business operations specialist. However, after gaining experience, these professionals can earn nearly \$200,000 a year working as chief executives. High-Paying College-Based Careers Position Annual Salary Chief Executive \$194,000 Information System Manager \$156,000 Financial Manager \$148,000 Marketing Manager \$149,000 Human Resources Manager \$130,000 Source: BLS Price Education: School of Commerce vs. College Considering the pros and cons of trading schools often reveals price differences. Trade school programs are usually cheaper than college programs, students need to research more to get the most accurate picture. Comparing tuition fees in trade schools vs. colleges is about more than just tuition. Students should also consider how scholarship availability and earning potential affect financial outcomes while attending school. To help you do this the following sections check the average cost of different types of schools, plus examples and additional factors to keep in mind. How Much Does a Trading School Cost? The cost of a trade school program may vary greatly depending on the school, discipline, and location. According to U.S. News & World Report, trade school students pay an average of \$33,000 for their entire education. While the reasons for the cost difference between programs vary, some trade school programs have high overhead costs due to more expensive training materials. Programs like aviation maintenance technology, for example, can cost more than \$30,000. By contrast, the esthetician program may only cost \$2,000-4,000. How Much Does Tuition Cost? Because of the different types of colleges and learning options, breaking down the cost of a college education is challenging. A number of factors impact overall costs, such as tuition and room and board prices. Prices also fluctuate between private, public, state, and overseas schools. According to EducationData, public school students in the state pay an average of \$10,440 a year for tuition. When taking into account rooms and boards, the total reaches \$21,950 per year. Rates for overseas tuition and fees jump to \$26,820 a year, and with total rooms and boards, that's equal to \$38,330 a year. Private school students pay more, with an average of \$36,880 a year for tuition alone and \$49,879 a year when including rooms and boards. However, according to U.S. News & World Report, private schools tend to offer more generous financial aid packages to help students cover higher costs, which is something you should consider. Average Total Price for Four-Year College Resource: EducationData Job Security: Graduates of Trade School vs. College Trade schools enjoy strong job security: Careers like plumbing and home inspections usually survive a weak economy and recession. These tradespeople often perform the essential services the world needs at all times. Meanwhile, college programs can provide flexible skills for many degree seekers, but those jobs didn't always perform well during the economic crisis. On both lines, experience can improve job security. Career Flexibility: Trade School vs. College Because of the special training of trade school programs, graduates do not receive as much career flexibility as college graduates. Electricians, for example, cannot move between fields that easily because their skills and training only apply to certain fields. Meanwhile, business majors can apply their skills extensively and access a variety of careers. For degree seekers, a bachelor's degree can be beneficial. According to BLS employment data, the average American switches jobs every four years and holds about 12 jobs in their lifetime. Degree flexibility also allows more career mobility, meaning degree holders advanced in their field or switch industries more easily. By Genevieve Carlton Published on October 19, 2020 Choosing between trade schools vs. college can shape your entire career. Prospective students may feel trapped wondering Should I go to college or should I go to vocational school? If you're trying to decide whether to get a vocational vs. college degree, this article offers tips for making educated choices. You can start by reflecting on your career interests and goals. The subjects offered in trade school vs. college lead to different career paths. For example, allied health professionals in the future benefit from vocational programs, while fields such as education and business more often require academic degrees. You should also consider how long it will take to get each degree. Most vocational programs take two years or less, while a bachelor's degree takes four years. Tuition rates, earning potential, and job requests can also help you choose whether to attend a trade school or college. Both trade schools and colleges prepare graduates for various career paths. Students must make personal choices about which option best suits their unique circumstances. What Can I Learn to Get a Vocational Degree? What is vocational school? And what can you learn to get a vocational degree? Vocational schools emphasize career-focused training in areas such as health care, manufacturing, and technology. During vocational programs, students gain practical knowledge and skills in their field of study. After completing a certificate or degree, the graduate pursues a career in his or her field. The most popular occupations programs include health sciences, business, manufacturing, protective services, and computer or information science. Students can also study legal services, cosmology, emergency services, or business in vocational programs. Most vocational degrees combine classroom and experience learning. For example, allied health care programs include clinical hours in medical facilities. Mechanics practice their skills in stores or laboratories. The emergency services program incorporates a practicum that allows students to train in ambulances or hospitals. For more information, visit our page on vocational schools and trade. What Can I Learn to Earn an Academic Degree? Earning an academic degree generally takes 2-4 years, depending on the degree and student enrollment status. An association degree requires about 60 credits and usually takes two years. A bachelor's degree requires at least 120 credits and requires a full-time student of about four years. Colleges offer several enrollment options for undergraduates. Full-time students earn 30 SKS per year on a semester schedule of 45 quarterly loans each year. Choosing a part-time schedule can add several years to the level. Students can also speed up the process of obtaining an academic degree. In some schools, students can take additional classes each semester, enroll in summer classes, or take accelerated courses in the short term to earn more credits per year. Many colleges also offer credits for prior learning or grant credits for AP classes. How Much Does It Cost to Get a Vocational Degree? The cost of a vocational degree depends on the school and the length of the program. For example, for-profit vocational schools charge higher tuition rates than two-year public schools. The Center for Education and Labor reports that for-profit trade schools cost nearly \$20,000 a year. On the contrary, the public community charges under \$7,000 per year. However, because vocational degrees generally take two years or less, trade school students generally spend less overall than students pursuing a four-year degree. Getting a vocational degree also helps help get into the workforce faster. Prospective students can save for a vocational degree by comparing fees at different schools. A public community college in the state often offers the most affordable vocational training. Students can also reduce costs by researching credits for previous learning or credits for professional experience. Finally, students attending accredited schools can qualify for some form of financial assistance, including federal student aid, scholarships, and grants. How Long Does It Take to Get an Academic Degree? A four-year academic degree can cost under \$10,000 or more than \$30,000 per year,

depending on the school. At public universities, students pay about \$9,000 a year in tuition and fees. Private universities charge tuition nearly \$32,000 a year, on average. Tuition rates may also vary depending on whether students qualify for state tuition discounts or online learning. Many students use financial aid to pay for school. On average, students at four-year institutions receive \$13,000 a year in grants and scholarships. Recipients do not have to pay back this award. Students at accredited colleges can also take out federal loans to pay for school. Students can lower the cost of an academic degree by taking multiple classes at community colleges. Public two-year colleges charge about \$3,000 a year in tuition. Students can earn credits at lower tuition rates and transfer them to a bachelor's degree. Other options such as out-of-class testing, taking AP classes, or choosing an accelerated program can also save money. How Much Can I Earn With A Vocational Degree? What is the potential of a career with a vocational bachelor's degree vs? Many vocational career paths report high demand and above-average salaries. The average annual salary for technical and trading school careers exceeds \$59,000, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). However, salaries vary greatly in the field. For example, vocational management professionals make nearly \$98,000 a year, while personal care and service professionals make \$30,700. Earning potential with a vocational degree depends on the field and career path. The highest-paid vocational careers include air traffic controllers, radiation therapists, nuclear technicians, and dental hygienists, according to the BLS. In this field, the average annual wage exceeds \$74,000. Several other factors contribute to total compensation. For example, some areas offer better benefits and benefits, including paid leave and retirement plans. Students should consider working hours and working conditions when they are their choice. Some careers require long or irregular hours, especially in the field of health. The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) reported that in 2009, professionals with job credentials benefited from higher employment rates than those with Credential. How Much Can I Earn With An Academic Degree? Like a vocational career, a job with an academic degree offers a variety of salaries. Getting a bachelor's degree translates into higher earnings, on average. Professionals with a bachelor's degree earn nearly \$19,000 more each year than those with association degrees. In 2017, men with a bachelor's degree make nearly \$72,000 a year, while women with bachelor's degrees make \$52,400 a year, according to NCES. High-paying jobs with bachelor's degrees include management roles such as chief executive, marketing manager, and finance manager. Engineering, computer science, and health degrees also lead to high salaries. Compared to vocational degrees, academic degrees offer greater career flexibility. Academic degrees do not restrict graduates from working in their majors. In fact, many college graduates work in fields outside of their majors. Academic degrees offer the best preparation for a career that requires a master's or doctoral degree. Can I study online for a vocational degree? Some trade schools offer online programs, but vocational distance learning depends on the subject. Because vocational degrees train students for specific career paths after graduation, they often involve direct components. Online programs in health care and manufacturing, for example, can use a hybrid format in which students complete online courses while meeting the requirements directly locally. Online dental hygienic students practice their clinical skills in laboratories and dental offices, while online skilled trading programs include components such as internships in student areas. Some of these hybrid programs may only offer degrees to local students who can travel to campus to complete the requirements directly. However, many vocational programs work well in online formats. Certificates and degrees for paralegals, administrative professionals, office managers, and construction managers often translate well to online learning formats. Take a look at the top vocational schools that offer online courses. Can I Study Online for an Academic Degree? Most academic subjects translate well into online formats. Undergraduates can earn degrees in fields such as business, social work, humanities, social sciences, and natural sciences online. In areas such as nursing and education, online learners complete online courses while meeting clinical or student teaching requirements locally. However, some subjects offer fewer online options. Legal programs restrict online learning, and areas such as engineering that include many direct requirements may not be distance learning. For many students, the online format offers several advantages over live formats. Online students can benefit from discounted tuition and tuition rates in the state if they live in another state. Choose online online also saves on housing, transportation and parking costs. Working professionals and parents often value the flexibility of online programs. Finally, online programs allow students to enroll in top-ranked schools without moving. Learn more about the best online colleges. Accreditation for Vocational Degrees Trade and vocational schools that follow best practices in training students holds accreditation. To obtain accreditation, the school undergoes a rigorous review of independent nonprofit accreditation agencies. Accreditation agencies can review all specific institutions or programs within the school. Vocational schools generally hold national accreditation from organizations such as the Career and College School Accreditation Commission or the Accreditation Board for Sustainable Education & Training. In addition to accreditation, vocational schools must also hold a permit to operate in the state. Applicants can use the Higher Education Accreditation list of licensed or authorized state institutions to research licensing information. Checking accreditation and licensing helps prospective students avoid factory diplomas. Prospective applicants should also look into school admission rates, graduation rates, and job placement rates. Students should avoid schools that do not publish this data. Accreditation for Academic Degrees Such as trade schools, academic colleges and universities also holds accreditation. For liberal arts and research institutions, regional accreditation represents the gold standard. Six regional accreditation agencies evaluate public and private higher education institutions in different parts of the country. These institutions measure colleges on student learning outcomes, faculty qualifications, and their academic mission. In some areas, such as education, nursing, and business, programs can also hold accreditation from programmatic accreditation institutions. Attending an unaccredited school or program can jeopardize your career. Before applying to any college or university, check its accreditation status in the U.S. Department of Education database. Be sure to choose an accredited school. Accreditation benefits students in several important ways. Credits earned at accredited institutions are more likely to be transferred to other schools, and only students in accredited schools are eligible for federal financial aid. Many professional licenses and certifications require an accredited degree. What Higher Education Options I Have With Vocational Degree Students choosing between trade schools vs. colleges should also consider their higher education options. In many areas, vocational degrees are not easily translated into higher education programs that prefer academic training. For example, a four-year university give fewer transfer credits to applicants with vocational degrees. This is partly because general educational requirements at undergraduate institutions, while vocational courses generally do not. Prospective students considering a bachelor's or postgraduate degree in academic discipline may find college more valuable than a trade school. In other fields, vocational training can more easily translate into higher degrees. For example, an allied health certificate can help professionals transfer to an associate or undergraduate program. Getting another degree is not the only option for further training. Vocational professionals may consider non-degree options such as internships or workplace training to advance their careers. What Higher Education Options Do I Have With an Academic Degree? Academic degrees prepare graduates for many options in higher education. For example, many association degrees meet the general education requirements for a bachelor's degree, meaning transfer students can earn a four-year degree in two years. With a bachelor's degree in academic fields, graduates can also apply to master's and doctoral programs. Obtaining a master's degree generally takes two years, although some programs offer accelerated options that may take as little as a year. A doctorate, the highest degree in academia, often takes five years or more. On average, graduate tuition costs more than \$19,000 a year, according to NCES. Graduate students are eligible for various forms of financial assistance, including federal loans, graduate fellowships, and assistants. Professionals such as lawyers, political scientists, nurse practitioners, psychologists, and professors need a bachelor's degree. Prospective students considering this career are likely to benefit from an academic degree rather than a vocational degree. Choosing between a vocational degree, an online certificate, or a bachelor's degree can feel overwhelming. But taking into account your interests, career goals, and timeline, you can confidently answer, should I go to college or should I go to vocational school? The choice between trade schools vs. colleges ultimately boils down to personal priorities. For example, aspiring health professionals may prefer allied health training in trade schools versus career paths that require a master's or doctoral degree. In terms of fees, students in colleges and vocational schools are eligible for financial assistance. Many scholarships and grants support students pursuing academic degrees and vocational degrees. Last Updated: 19 October 2020 2020

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