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During fiscal year 1970, 37 pieces of legislation were adopted, the most important of which were: Public Law 91-41, July 9, 1969, lifted the freeze on the number of dependent children for whom federal assistance would be available under the Assistance For Families with Dependent Children program. Public Law 91-56, August 11, 1969, provided states more flexibility in the form and scope of medical assistance after the secretary's approval. Public Law 91-61, August 20, 1969, authorized secretary to establish in the institution of higher education in the area of the national capital the National Center for Educational Media and Materials for the Disabled. The Centre would provide a comprehensive programme of activities for disabled people using new educational technology. The Older Americans Act of 1969, PL 91-69, September 17, 1969, extended for three years federal programs targeting approximately 20 million older people; substantially increase competence in the field of community planning, services and training grants; national regional and metropolitan model projects. The law also transferred authority funding for the Foster Grandparents Program from OEO to HEW and created a National Older Americans Volunteer Program for Retirees Over 60. The Child Protection Act 1969, P.L. 91-113, November 6, 1969, empowered the Secretary to determine the dangerous nature of toys and to ban toys as dangerous substances which were found to contain electrical, thermal or mechanical hazards. The Federal Coal Mine Safety and Safety Act, P.L. 91-173, December 30, 1969, has set up a five-member government panel to consider applications for permits for non-compliance; mandatory health and safety standards for coal mines laid down; permitted enforcement of these standards by the Secretary-General, the Surgeon-General and their representatives; and provided a trust fund for research into the safety and health of coal mines. The Tax Reform Act, P.L. 91-172, December 30, 1969, contained provisions that increased minimum Social Security benefits for retirees from \$55.40 to \$64.00; Special benefit for people 72 to over from \$40 to \$46; a dependent spouse's benefit equal to half of the amount of the primary pensioner's benefits. Public Law 91-206, March 10, 1970, established the National Credit Union Administration in an executive branch and transferred all functions and staff of the SSA Office of the Federal Credit Unions to a new agency. Migrant Health Changes, P.L. 91-209, March 12, 1970, expanded through the FY 1973 health services program for migrant farm workers and provides assistance for health services to other seasonal farm workers under the Public Health Care Act. Community Mental Health Center Changes, P.L. 91-211, March 13, 1970, provided grants for construction and personnel mental health community and allowed matching measures from 75 percent to as high as 100 percent for grants in areas designated by the secretary as urban or rural poverty. Public Law 91-222, April 1, 1970, set aside the end date and permanently made provision P.L. 89-92, which provided health warnings on every pack of cigarettes. Comprehensive Law on the Prevention and Control of Drug Abuse, 1970, P.L. 91-513 signed on 27(2) Treatment and Rehabilitation of Abusive Drugs; (3) strengthening the existing drug abuse law enforcement authority. It allowed \$75 million for treatment and rehabilitation programs related to drug abuse and alcoholism; \$29 million for drug abuse education; \$85 million in special project grants for drug addicts and drug addicts. The law also authorized \$1 million to set up a Commission on Marijuana and Drug Abuse to study all aspects of marijuana use and the causes of drug abuse in general and the administrations of the president and Congress. Environmental Education Act, P.L. 91-516, signed at P.L. 91-516, signed at P.L. 91-516. Developmental Disability Services and Equipment Building Changes of 1970, PL 91-517, also signed on October 30th, expanded and improved grant programs for facilities, for staffing of such facilities, and for services for mentally retarded and other persons with developmental disabilities. Law on Drug Abuse Education, P.L. 91-527, signed at P.L. 91-527, signed at P.L. 91-527, signed at P.L. 91-527. Amendments to the Family Planning Service, P.L. 91-572, were signed into law on 24 March 2004. They amended the Public Health Services Act to provide special project grants for planned family planning services and related research, training and technical assistance. The Act on Personnel Measures of the Environmental Protection Agency, P. L. 91-604, became law on 31 December 1999. That law allowed the transfer of public health services, which were awarded to officials of the new Environmental Protection Agency, which took responsibility for many environmental programs previously managed by hew. Comprehensive Law on the Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation of Alcoholism, P.L. 91-616, signed by the President on 31 December 1991. The law authorized formula grants for states and project grants and contracts, created the National Advisory Council on The Development of National Policies on Alcoholism and Alcohol Abuse, and established the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism. 1971 New Surgeon-General's Report on Health Consequences confirmed and reinforced the conclusions of four previous such reports, was published by HEW in January. This revealed stronger evidence of the adverse effect of smoking pregnant women on the unborn child; other evidence regarding cigarette smoking was also cited as a risk factor in the development of coronary heart disease and peripheral vascular diseases. In addition, it confirmed earlier findings that cigarette smoking is the leading cause of lung cancer in men. In February, the Secretary's Office announced the creation of two new offices: the Women's Action Programme was created to address women's rights and obligations throughout the Ministry and to plan a long-term structure to meet HEW's commitments to the President's Working Group on Women's Rights. The Office of Community and Regional Development was set up to strengthen Washington's support for regional directors and accelerate the decentralisation of the Authority for The Approval of Grants. In the Field of Health, four important measures were taken during February: The National Commission on Venereal Diseases was created to consider the problems of syphilis and gonorrhoea from a national point of view, study ways to bring public health and private medicine into a closer working relationship and issue recommendations on this to keep these diseases under control. The president, in his health message to Congress on February 18, ordered the secretary to convene the Commission on Medical Malpractice to conduct an intensive study on the growing problems of health malpractice suits and neglect of due diligence insurance. The Commission was appointed in August; the final report was promised by 1 January 2007. The first annual report on marijuana was sent by the secretary of Congress on February 1. The report was issued in accordance with the Marijuana and Health Administration Act ( Title V, L. 91 - 298). The report states that different forms of marijuana can have harmful effects on individuals and that more research is needed before it can determine how much of a threat marijuana will pose to the population if it is commonly used. The Social and Rehabilitation Service has announced a \$2.5 million grant to build the nation's first training and research center for deaf-blind people, plus an award of 25 acres of excess government property. The funding will support the construction of a new National Center for Deaf-Blind Youth and Adults, which will be operated by the Industrial House for the Blind under an agreement with the Social and Rehabilitation Service. In early March, a working group on higher education called for a major overhaul of the U.S. higher education system. The Newman report questioned the concept of continued growth of the existing higher education system without major reforms. The report claimed that almost all 2 500 higher education institutions adopted the same and learning, and that it is no longer true that most students have a real choice between different higher education institutions. The report's main recommendations included the removal of locksteps; extending opportunities that are not higher education; intensive efforts to achieve equality for women; strengthening institutional missions through the elimination of non-research activities; refocusing on high-priority academic programmes and the creation of new special purpose institutions. The White House Youth Conference was held in Estes Park, Colo. on April 18-22 in an effort to identify the needs of American youth and develop a government response program. Top ministry officials were among the

more than 1,500 delegates who attended, 1,000 of whom were 14-24 years old. Ten working groups examined issues of particular interest to young people. Also in April, initial administrative steps were taken in turning the Army's Pine Bluff Arsenal (Arkansas) into a unique facility to improve consumer protection. President Nixon announced January 27, 1971, that the FDA would establish and manage a new activity-National Center for Toxicology Research—on pine bluff biological plants. The facility will occupy 504 acres of former Arsenal property and will include 33 buildings with 1.7 million square feet of floor space. On May 11, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism was established within the National Institute of Mental Health to develop and implement comprehensive research, training, community service development and public education programs to help prevent and treat alcohol abuse and alcoholism. The Office of Special Concern was set up in May in the secretary's office to insure a special priority for female State Department employees, Indians, Spain-name Americans, migrant workers and HEW fellows. The Food and Drug Administration warned the nation in May not to eat swordfish because the FDA's testing program revealed excessive levels of mercury contamination. To avoid health risks to the public, the FDA seized £832,000 of swordfish and fish brokers seized £4 million from commercial markets. In June, a department set up under the Office of Child Development, the National Center for Child Advocacy, recommended the 1970 White House Conference on Children. The main mission of the new centre was to follow up on further recommendations of the conference and to cooperate with state, local and private organisations. The Children's Centre of Interest, which receives questions and statements of concern from any parent or citizen about matters relating to children, has been set up at the national centre. The SSA's first annual report on the operation of the black lung benefits programme reported that more than 200,000 miners with disabilities, widows and dependants were receiving monthly black lung benefits Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act 1969. The total benefits paid since signing the law December 30, 1969, exceeded \$300 million. The law allowed the payment of monthly benefits to miners completely disabled due to pneumoconiosis resulting from the disease. By the end of June, the Ministry had announced that 66 grants and contracts totaling \$6.5 million had been awarded to the Health Maintenance Organization (HMO). HMOs are organized health care systems that provide comprehensive health services to voluntarily enrolled members for a fixed, prepaid annual fee. The award-winners included group practices, medical foundations, hospitals, consumer groups, medical schools and neighbourhood health centres. The Food and Drug Administration on July 2 sounded an urgent warning to consumers to eat cans of Bon Vivant Vichyssoise soup due to potential contamination of botulism. On July 7, he ordered the recall of all soups, sauces and other canned products by Bon Vivant Soups, Inc., as a precaution to protect public health and safety. In August, the National Advisory Committee was formed to begin immediate planning for the president's accelerated program to research and treat sickle cell anemia, a painful and lifeshortening disease that plagues an estimated 50,000 black Americans each year. Six contracts totaling more than half a million dollars have been awarded to the National Institutes of Health for clinical trials. The Education Office reported in August that higher education institutions had awarded a grant for the 12 months ending 30 June 2015. There has been a sharp percentage increase in the number of women gaining degrees. Over a five-year period, the number of women receiving doctorates increased by 88 per cent, the number receiving a master's degree increased by 75 per cent and the number receiving bachelor's degrees increased by 54 per cent. The Social and Rehabilitation Service announced in August an investment of \$4.1 million to develop a national comprehensive social services program for the elderly. Extensive efforts have been made to help older citizens suffering from isolation, nutritional problems and other unsatisfied social needs. The programme was to be a significant breakthrough in the development of comprehensive social services for the elderly. On August 23, Secretary Richardson announced the possibility for employees to take college loan courses for free. The Upward Mobility College Program, run by D.C.'s Federal City College, would allow nearly 1,600 HEW employees who graduated from high school or its equivalent to work toward a college degree, with HEW paying for tuition and books, and freeing employees from work for half the time spent in the classroom. The programme began in April 1970 as a demonstration at the Office of Education. The Social and Rehabilitation Service announced that nearly three-quarters of a billion dollars had been added to the nation's economy as a result of rehabilitating a record number of disabled Americans for productive employment during FY 1971. Annual earnings of 291,272 people rehabilitated during the year rose by an estimated \$770 million over what they earned a year before entering the state-federal vocational rehabilitation program. The deputy secretary for social security reform planning was appointed in September to plan and organize the implementation of social security reform, which has been described as the most complex management enterprise in the history of the federal government. In early September, the National Reading Right programme drew up a master plan for the next ten years aimed at eliminating illiteracy by 1980; 38 states submitted the right to read the plans and a network of reading sources of 80 information centres was established. Also in September, the Food and Drug Administration completed inspections of 122 companies producing flows. The event was one of many initiatives by the FDA to improve the safety of ay. Since December 1970, about 150 individual toy products have been banned, and about 60 types of toys have been voluntarily repaired by toy companies to identify potential mechanical hazards by the FDA. The Product Safety Agency's Office has also set up a toy review committee and examined around 600 toys for mechanical hazards. The Education Commissioner announced an October 1 award of \$2 million to a children's television seminar to support the ongoing development of children's education programs. The amount awarded to Sesame Street producers represented a partial payment on a total commitment of \$5 million during FY 1972, and will be used to support both Sesame Street and Workshop's new reading series, The Electric Society, which is to supplement in-school reading instruction for 7- to 10-year-olds. President Nixon officially announced October 18 that the laboratory facility of Fort Detrick, Md. will be converted from germ warfare research into an intensive cancer research program. The laboratories were the U.S. military's main facility for chemical and biological research until the United States stopped producing such weapons in November 1969. Cancer research in laboratories will be carried out by private firms under contract with the National Institutes of Health and will be part of an accelerated cancer treatment programme. By October 31, a total of 24.4 million doses of rubella vaccine (German measles) had been administered under public programs and about 5 million private doctors in a national campaign to vaccinate 60 million children that began in June 1969. It was the first time in the history of the nation that many children received the vaccine so soon after its lithium. In response to a presidential mandate in August to modernize the quality of nursing home care for about 1 million elderly people confined to nursing homes, HEW expanded nursing home inspection efforts and announced a program to train 2,000 additional state inspectors over the next two years. In a speech to the 3,400 White House Conference on Aging Delegates in late November, the secretary announced that 38 states have substantial flaws in their nursing home certification process under Medicaid. States were notified that if improvements were made by February 1, 1972, all federal Medicaid funds would be withheld. Secretary Richardson announced a November 16 ban on the federal government's use of lead-based paint in residual structures. Lead paint is defined as containing more than one per cent lead by weight. The prohibition was required by the Lead Poisoning Prevention Act (P.L. 91-695, Section 401). The secretary also announced plans in November to eventually merge the Public Health Authority, which was introduced into the civil service system, into a single system of civilian staff. The event was based on recommendations from the committee secretary to study pbs commissions the corps. Secretary Richardson issued a November 29, 1971, memorandum, Policy Development and Implementation to the Department of Health, Education and Social Welfare, establishing a policy management system. The system has established two main policy development and implementation procedures: the relay model, in which responsibility is transferred from office to office, as policy alternatives evolve, decisions are taken and implemented and programmes are implemented and evaluated; (a) a project management model for those specific policies and issues of such complexity and paramount importance that a full-time project manager is needed to facilitate their development and implementation. Policy coordination has been assigned to ASPE and process monitoring to the Executive Secretariat. On 23 December 1971, the Secretary issued a memorandum establishing the master planning calendar as the next step in the new management system. This concept was to fit into the development and implementation of the policy in a viable timetable of activities based on the annual framework. The planning cycle would start every August and should carry a political initiative through a series of key milestones for 24 months. The calendar would schedule all planning functions, create sequences of centralized routing activities, and relate to decision making in planning, budget, legislation and other key functions. The Education Department announced December 31 that more than one million post-secondary students lent more than \$1 billion through a guaranteed student loan program in 1971. Is for the first time in the program's 6-year history, the number of borrowers exceeded one million and the number of dollars lent exceeded one billion. The amount borrowed during 1971 was higher than the total borrowed in the first three years of operation of the programme. In December, Secretary Richardson did speak before several groups of HEW employees in which he discussed the responsibilities of the State Department and what he felt needed to be done to make HEW a more accountable and responsive tool for service to the American people. The Secretary summarised his views as follows: We at HEW are entrusted with the quadruple task of identifying the problems of the people and institutions to whom we relate; eliminate the differences between commitment and performance by setting and meeting achievable objectives; make the most of the resources we have; and fight for additional resources that we can make good use of. Organisational changes in 1971 included the following: The Office of State Merit Systems was transferred on 5 December 1971. In March, the first Deputy Secretary of Public Affairs was appointed in the ministry's 18-year history to ensure a more integrated and efficient communication programme for the entire department. In mid-June, deputy secretaries of state for communication and operations were appointed. The remaining elements of the Environmental Protection Service, which did not become part of the new Environmental Protection Agency, were 25. Community Office and Environmental Management for HSMHA; and the FDA Radiological Health Authority. The Education Office was completely reorganized October 13, 1971. Six Commissioners' representatives have been appointed to achieve more efficient management of the Agency. The Executive Deputy Commissioner has been appointed as the Chief Deputy Commissioner for Education. In addition: The Deputy Commissioner for Management was responsible for the Administration Office, the Regional Office coordination office and the Planning and Evaluation Office for programmes. The Deputy Commissioner for School Systems took responsibility for the Office for Primary and Secondary Education, the Office for Disability Education and the Office for Adult, Vocational and Technical Education. The Deputy Commissioner for Development would direct the activities of the National Center for Educational Research, the National Center for Educational Communication, the Experimental Schools Program Staff, the National Center for Educational Statistics, and the Office for the Development of Educational Staff. Deputy Commissioner for Education was the responsibility of the Higher Education Office, the Institute of International Studies and the Office for Libraries and Educational Technologies. While the Office of Education Reorganization was the most extensive organizational change during the year, a number of offices and sub-offices were reorganized as follows: SRS Community Services Administration, February 10; Child Development Authority, OS, February 11 ; SSA Office of Health Insurance, February 17; Indian Health Service HSMHA, 10. Regional Medical Programme Service, HSMHA, 12. SSA Office for Disability Insurance, 1st and SSA's Office of Pension and Survivors Insurance, November 26. In addition, health maintenance organisation services (12 October) and the Comprehensive Health Planning Service (12 November) were set up in HSMHA. HSMHA.

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