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Common terms of breed - the stock of animals in species with a distinctive appearance and usually were developed by the deliberate selection of animal-animal breeding, caused to produce offspring, usually in a controlled and organized manner dam - female parent Flock - grouping of livestock species (sheep, birds) herd - a group of one species of animals (cattle, horses, pigs, goats) livestock - domestic livestock , work, wool) Animal market - livestock bred and grown for food consumption Poll - naturally, hornless animal Sire - male parental litter - several offspring are produced at the same birth of a multi-sail mammal. Also called brood chicken Chick - newly hatched or very young chicken broilers - chicken that is six to 13 weeks of age used to produce Pullet meat - female poultry under one year of chicken - female birds older than one year of cockerel - male bird under one year Popular products - eggs and chicken cattle Bovine - scientific name for cattle that has not yet had a calf cow - a mature female bull Steer - neutered male bull - sexually mature male bull popular products - milk, Beef and Skin Duck Drake - Adult Male Duck - Adult Woman Goose Gander - Adult Male Goose - Adult Female Goat Caprin - Refers to Animals in The Kid Family Goat - Young Goat Wether - Neuter's Neuter Male - (aka Nanny) Female Goat Buck - (aka Billy) Sexually Mature Male Goat Popular Products - Milk , cabrito, mohair and cashmere. Goats are the number one milk producer in the world. Goat meat has many different names that depend on the geographical location of the goat and the age of the animal. Pig pigs - referred to as animals in the Barrow pig family - a young, neutered male pig boar - a sexually mature male pig Gilt - a young female hog - mature pig (usually weighing more than 120 pounds) Pig - (aka. Pig) young pig (usually weighing less than 120 pounds.) sow - mature female pig sheep Ovine - scientific name for sheep Ewe - female lamb sheep - sheep less than one year old Ram - male sheep Wether - neutered male sheep Popular products - lamb , lamb, hogget, and wool turkey Poultry - Young domestic turkey chicken - Adult female Tom - Adult Male Horse Horse - family name that includes horses, donkeys and zebra Foal - an animal in a equestrian family, of any gender, that is one year or younger Colt - male horse under four Years Philly - female horse under four gelding - castrated animal that measures less - Adult female horse stallion - adult male horse Project Horse - a large horse bred for tough, heavy tasks such as plowing and agricultural labor hand - non-SI unit of measurement, which equals four inches Donkey and Mule Foal - an animal in a equestrian family of any gender, that is one year or younger Jenny - female donkey Jack - male donkey mule - is the offspring of a male donkey and female horse Donkey - domesticated animals from the horse family first Used as a working animal Rabbit Kit - Young Rabbit Doe - Female Rabbit Buck - Male Rabbit Popular Products - Fur and Meat Llamas Cria - Young Lama Dam - Female Llama Gelding - Neutang - Neut's Caster - Male Lama Popular Products - Wool Breed Livestock Project, Oklahoma State University>Please post their comments and suggestions here The views expressed were solely those of the author and should not be construed as those of his employer or any other organization. To better understand and help readers of this blog, we provide the terminology used in livestock/poultry here. Livestock terminology. The terminology used in livestock is the actual meaning of the term breed This term refers to the results of some animal groups and having some specific characteristics. These characteristics are characteristic of this animal. The species this indicates a group of animals that have some common characteristics and may be distinguishing them from other animal groups. A calf this means young cattle are usually under six months old. Ser Male Parent (Father) Calf. Dam female parent (mother) calf. The calf this term refers to a young female cattle older than six months before the first calving. The adult female cattle cow from the date of the first calving is called a cow. Bull This matures male cattle, used for the purpose of breeding or covering herds of cows. Bullock: This is a neutered male cattle used for farming/growing. The conception rate is a measure of cow fertility in the service or successful union of men and women in the reproduction process. Maintenance This term refers to the process in which a mature male covers a female. Gestation is a process or period of development within the uterus between conception and birth. This applies to any group of animals. Pregnancy period Is the timeframe between the date of conception and the date of birth. This varies from animal to animal. Participation This term refers to the act of the birth of a young. Lactation Period This indicates the duration or time the female animal produces milk after delivery. This period varies from animal to animal. Example: The period of cow lactation is different from that of cows Lactation. Dry period This is a period after lactation, during which the animals do not produce milk. Calving interval This term refers to the period between the two consecutive calvings. Average Well, the term is universal and indicates the amount of production is divided by the number of animals. Western Medium (W.A) Is a total milk crop. Lactation (kg or lt), divided into lactation period (in days). Herd Medium (H.A) This total milk yield per day is divided by the amount of milking animals. The overall average (O.A) is the total yield of lactation milk, divided by calving intervals (days). The genotype Is his combination of genes he possesses that affects his characters. The phenotype this indicates appearance. Half of the sib It points to brothers or half sisters. Full sib This indicates full brothers or full sisters. Gerethicity Transmission of physical or mental characteristics is genetically from one generation to another. The gene is a unit of inheritance that is transmitted in reproductive cells. Allel One or two or more alternative forms of the gene. Domination Phenomenon, in which, in separate, containing two alicical forms of the gene, one is expressed in the exclusion of the other or genes that have an observed effect when present in any one member of the chromosomal pair. Recessive attitude to inherited characteristics controlled by genes that are expressed in offspring only when inherited from both parents or genes that do not have. observed effect if not present in both members of the chromosomal pair. Epistase Fertility is a measure of the ability that an animal gives birth to. Sterility This indicates an inability to produce offspring. Preptence Unusual ability of a person or strain to pass their characters to offspring due to homisogitcity for numerous dominant genes. Fecundity This indicates the ability to produce abundant healthy growth or offspring. The Bull teaser is used to detect heat or estus of a female cow. Buller This indicates the cow is always in a state of estrus. Free martin This indicates a sterile chick born twin with a man. Herd This indicates a group of cattle/buffalo Flock This indicates a group of goats, sheep or birds. Steer This term refers to male cattle that are neutered when it is still a calf. Beef Cattle Meat /Buffalo. Pork Pig Meat /Pig. Lamb Meat of sheep or goats. Chevon Goat Meat. Lamb Sheep Meat. Wedder This term refers to a neutered sheep called Wedder. Prolific is the ability to produce large amounts from sources. Ram is a male sheep. Buck is a male goat. For dairy farming; Read here. Bird terminology: Bird terminology. Chicken: This indicates mature female chicken, usually over 21 weeks. Rooster: This is a matured male chicken over 21 weeks old. Pullet: This indicates how Young women chicken from 8 to 19 weeks. Cockerel: It's This young male chicken from 6 to 8 months. Chick: This indicates young male or female birds under 5 weeks old. Day Chicken: Usually it's a hatched chicken that's only 1 day. Manufacturer: Usually a young chicken of the 9th week of the 20th week of age is female or male. Brood: This indicates a group of chicks of the same age raised in the same batch. Brooding: This is the process of raising young chickens from a 1-day stage to 5 to 6 weeks, during which, heat should be provided. Brooder: Basically, it is a device to provide artificial heat. Broiler: These are hybrid chickens that grow and gain good weight in a short period of time (2 kg in 6 weeks). Layers: This means that the egg is laying the chicken for up to 1 year after starting laying the eggs. Broody: This indicates a chicken that has stopped laying eggs temporarily. Clutch: This is the number of eggs laid by the bird on consecutive days. Moulting: This is the process of shading old feathers. Culling: It is nothing but the removal of unwanted birds (sick or sick or useless) from the herd. Pause: This is the period between the two clutches in which the eggs are not laid by the chicken. Hen-day-production: This is nothing more than dividing all the eggs laid in season by the average number of birds in the house. Chicken-house-medium: This is nothing more than dividing the total number of eggs laid in season by the number of birds originally housed in the house. For poultry farming; Read here. In here. common animal husbandry terms pdf

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