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Oxymoron vs. Paradox Many people see only a small difference between an oxymoron and a paradox. Most of the time it is difficult for them to understand the difference between the two terms. Despite the lack of rigid rules that separate the oxymoron and paradox, you can find many things that distinguish them. Although Paradox is a statement or a group of statements, the oxymoron is a combination of two contradictory terms. Paradoxically, it seems true, leads to a situation that defies intuition. The paradox consists of a whole sentence. Oxymoron, on the other hand, comes with only two words that contradict themselves. Simply put, paradox is considered to be an action that is contradictory, and an oxymoron is a description of a phrase that is contradictory. The Wile paradox can be seen as a phrase, like freedom of slavery, an oxymoron is just a combination of two contradictory words, like cold fire. The best way to understand if the figure is an oxymoron speech is to see if they come in a nutshell. The first word and the second word used in the oxymoron will have completely different meanings. These two words are opposite to each other. Jumbo shrimp, military exploration, icy hot and hottie-cold are some examples of oxymoron. The dictionary defines oxymoron as a paradox reduced to two words (adjective noun or adjective adjective) that is used to provide greater effect and emphasize contrasts. In contrast to the paradox, oxymoron is a descriptive phrase containing two terms that seem incompatible. Although the two words used in the oxymoron seem contradictory, it gives a dramatic effect for words. The paradox is defined in the dictionary as a logical statement, contrary to itself. It can also be said that this is a proposal that is contrary to common sense, but may still be true. Unlike the oxymoron, the paradox uses many words, even a whole paragraph, to explain a thing. The paradox is usually a true statement or group of statements that seem to lead to some contradiction. Although the two words used in the oxymoron are used for some dramatic effects and make no sense, the paradox of the statement that contains opposite elements when reading together makes sense. Description: 1.Paradox is a statement or a group of statements. Oxymoron is a combination of two contradictory terms. 2.Paradox consists of a whole sentence or paragraph. Oxymoron, on the other hand, comes with only two words that contradict themselves. 3.Paradox is an action that is contradictory and the oxymoron is the description of the phrase. Help us improve. Appreciate this post (14 votes, on average: 3.64 out of 5) Oxymoron and Paradox terms that are often used when we talk about ideas that Each other. However, while people often confuse these terms for each other because both terms mean the same concept of conflicting ideas, these two terms differ from each other and should be used a dramatic figure of speech that consists of combining two or three terms that have completely different meanings and contradict each other. Oxymoron often consists of two opposite words that bounce off each other to reach a point, usually playful and amusing. The paradox often creates a seemingly contradictory circumstance that cannot happen, since the sentence cannot be right and wrong at the same time. In literature, the paradox helps to attract the reader's attention because they are considered fascinating brain teasers that add extra meaning to words. This greatly helps them to play an important role in literature and day-to-day life. The difference between an oxymoron and a paradox is that an oxymoron is a figure of speech that not only combines a set of two or more terms that contradict each other in one expression, but also somehow makes sense and makes perfect sense in combination, while the paradox consists of a statement, a group of statements or quotations that represent an impossible situation that initiates a contradiction to our logical thinking, while conveying fundamental truth. The comparison option ofOxymoronParadoxMeaningAn Oxymoron is the integration of words that are opposite to each other to structure a unique word or phrase. For example: dark light. The paradox is a seemingly self-fulfilling phrase, sentence or group of sentences that are not true but are also not false either. For example: all people are equal, but some people are considered to be more equal than others. PurposeAn Oxymoron helps to create a dramatic and ironic effect in the passage. The paradox of entertaining brain teasers that gives the audience time to be innovative and creative. The etymology of oxymoron was introduced in the middle of the 17th century and was derived from the Greek word oxy and moro. The paradox was introduced in the mid-16th century and was derived from the Greek word paradoxon. ConceptAn oxymoron can only be decorated with two or three words that are different from each other. The paradox can jeopardize either the whole statement or the whole paragraph. ConnectionAn oxymoron is a condensed version of the paradox. The paradox can be formed with an oxymoron. Oxymoron refers to a combination of terms that create a unique phrase, word, or word that contradicts each other. The word oxymoron comes from the Greek word oxy, meaning sharp and drizzled, which means boring. Oxymoron may seem meaningless at times, but they also make sense in literature. For example: This joke was seriously funny. Typically, oxymoron words or phrases include a noun that is accompanied by an adjective. For example: amazingly tasty, etc. The purpose of oxymorons in literature is that oxymorons create a dramatic effect excerpt, adding two words that have completely different meanings. Oxymoron helps in adding a playful tone to writing also said to give passage or sentence a deeper meaning and adds irony to the sentence as it gives the reader time to think about the context in a different light. For example, words like a giant dwarf or a bankrupt millionaire make sense together, even if they are opposite words. There are various novels where oxymorons are constantly used. Some examples of the oxymoron used in literature may be Romeo and Juliet, written by William Shakespeare, where Shakespeare uses the phrase parting is such a sweet sorrow, which refers to when Romeo inflicts the pain of unrequited love. Another example is from a Jane Eyre novel written by Charlotte Bronte, where St. John uses the phrase delicious poison to portray his feelings for Rosamond Oliver.A paradox presents sentences that may contradict each other, but also lays out the inherent truth. The word paradox was derived from the Greek word paradoxon, meaning perceived opinion. While the term paradox seems to sound very reasonable, they don't seem to be entirely illogical. For example: Be cruel to be kind. The paradox also gives readers time to think about the context creatively and creatively. RECOMMENDED The difference between because and therefore (with the table) the purpose of the paradox in English literature is that the paradox helps in finding a unique meaning of a particular event. This forces readers to consider this event, which in turn helps readers understand the details of the passage or sentence. Because the paradox is contradictory, writers can make a specific statement and comment on what they have learned from it. Many other novels use paradoxes consistently and effectively, such as Animal Farm written by George Orwell, Hamlet by William Shakespeare, and so on. Some of the examples of paradox in English literature are shown in the novel Dystopia, written by George Orwell. The following novel used many paradoxes, and the main paradox used were War is Peace and Freedom is Slavery. Here, George Orwell clearly demonstrates the party's dominance to amplify dystopia through paradoxes. Oxymoron presents it with a composition of two or more words that differ from each other to form a new or peculiar word. For example: the living dead. A paradox is a statement or a group of contradictory statements, but an investigation may have a deeper meaning. For example: your friend's enemy is also your enemy. The main purpose of the oxymoron is that two words that contradict each other create a dramatic and ironic effect in a passage or sentence. The main purpose of the paradox is that it allows readers to stop and think, which in turn allows them to inject an extra Context. The oxymoron was derived from the ancient Greek word oxy, meaning sharp and sense boring. Oxymoron was first introduced in the mid-17th century. The paradox was derived from the Greek word paradoxon meaning opinion and was first introduced in the middle of the 16th century. Oxymoron has the basic concept of forming distinctive words with two or three words that are opposite to each other. The basic concept of the paradox consists of either a whole sentence or a paragraph, because the paradox is the description of the phrase. Because oxymoron is formed from two opposite words, it is considered a shorter version of the paradox. Since the paradox comprises the entire sentence, the oxymoron can be used to make a paradox. Typically, people notice only minor differences between the two terms, oxymoron, and paradox, because both of these terms are identical to literary methods that use supposedly contradictory ideas. However, this article highlights the main features between the two terms to help make it easier for people to identify the underlying differences that distinguishes the two terms from each other. It discusses how best to recognize if the figure is an oxymoron or paradox to look at whether they come in two or three words or a whole sentence. In addition, the oxymoron will be a combination of two or three terms that contradict each other and where the main term and subsequent term used will have completely different meanings to create a dramatic effect (e.g. terms such as icy, bitter, autopilot, and so on some examples of oxymoron). While the paradox will include many words, a statement, or even the whole paragraph, to lead to a situation that is contradictory, to reveal an unforeseen meaning or hidden truth (such as sentences like the truth of honey, which is bitter is an example of a paradox). Below is a collection of the most commonly used terms in this article about Oxymoron and Paradox. This should help recall the associated terms used in this article at a later stage for you. You. oxymoron vs paradox vs irony. oxymoron vs paradox examples. oxymoron vs paradox vs irony vs antithesis. oxymoron vs paradox vs antithesis. oxymoron vs paradox definition. oxymoron vs paradox worksheet. oxymoron vs paradox quiz. oxymoron vs paradox pdf

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