


☐

I'm not robot


reCAPTCHA

Continue

Alpine mrp f250 manual

It just so happened that the most compact machines are completing the test. Perhaps so it should be - you do not buy amplifiers for weight. The design of the Alpine V-power series, although slightly changing, remains recognizable year after year. The fuse denomination is 30 A, so the younger quadrilaier in the series (there is also the F450 model) definitely doesn't shock us with its power reserves. All durable clamps are designed for fork and have the same standard width. The clips are very positive, meaning unlike some others you can rely on them. Several line outputs are ate with the sum of two inputs (1 q 3 and 2 q 4). This distribution, as we know, comes in handy if you have a main device with two pairs of outputs and you need to arrange an unfeed output in the subwoofer. Both pairs of channels are of course equipped with a full set of filters, but the bust is only provided in 3/4 channels, and it is also stepped (12 dB, 50 Hz). As always, the step bust works no matter which of the filters is enabled and enabled altogether. And the filter adjustment range is from 50 to 400 Hz. Maximum power (14.4B, Ph.D. q 1%, 4 Om/2 Om), W 45.6/72.0 Nonlineal distortion factor (1 kHz, P q 0.1 Pmax, 4 Om/2 Om), % 0.019/0.019 Input sensitivity, 0.27 - 5.2 dBA 105.5 Transition fade (L-P/F-T), dB frequency range 83/87 (0/-1db), Hz 5.7 - 118 Signal speed at output, B/ms 20 Idle signal, Dimensions A 0.75, mm 232 x 243 x 57 Expected to be low. The room was quite big and comfortable. But we will move on for the time being. noise, you can No, the transitive ATT is over the roof. Frequency range – you can see that. In general, there are very few amplifiers in our industry who play up to 100 kHz, as they say, in zeros. What's the conclusion? Well, yes - midbass connection channel and tweeter to two channels. Or better yet, a three-lane active system. One pair of amplifiers runs bridge on bass, the remaining two - separately on medium-frequency and squeaky. And the power here is enough with the stock, and the high performance amplifier will be in place. The maximum bass lift is 14 dB. Central frequency 48 Hz. The kindness of filters is lower than Butterworth's, but not so much. The HF filter adjustment range is between 44 and 690 Hz. The low-frequency filter has a range of 32 and 465 Hz. At the same time, a neat sabonik with a steep decrease of 18 dB/October. and a very correct cutting frequency of 14 Hz. WHAT ALPINE MRP-F250 for 7800 rubleS THIS - PLUS Summing up line outputs High specifications THIS - MINUS Step Bust Very low power ONE WORD... Amplifier for connecting the channel RATING Power 6 Specifications 9 Equipment 8 Filters 8 Installation convenience 8 Total 39 Quadriate amplifiers A #4/2007 Product category: Automotive ElectronicsDevice Group: Amplifier Brand: Alpine Model: MRP-F250 NamePagesFormatSizeAction Owner Guide 2000.66KB Any Device Question? To prevent external noise from entering the audio system. Install the appliance and lay the cables at least 10 cm from the harness of the car wires. Lay the battery wires as far away from the rest of the wires as possible. (remove paint, dirt or oil from the surface if necessary). If you use the extra noise-cancelling noises you buy, install them as far away from the amplifier as possible. Your official Alpine dealer can offer you a variety of noise cancelers. For more information, please contact the official dealer. Your official Alpine dealer can offer you the most effective measures to prevent noise. For more information, please contact the official dealer. Weekend terminals for connecting speakers. The MRP-F240/MRP-T220 amplifier is equipped with two sets for connecting speakers. Strictly observe the correct connection of the speakers to the terminals of the weekend and phasing. In stereo mode, connect the right and left speakers, respectively, to the right and left speakers. Connect plus the output to the plus terminal of the acoustic system, and minus - to the minus terminal. Do not use the connector wire (-) of the speakers as a common wire between the left and right channels. Do not allow this wire to come into contact with the chassis of the car. NOTES: 1. Do not cut the wires of the acoustic systems or connect them to the chassis of the car. to the incoming purchased additional branch (Y-adapter). (See Connection Bridge on page 9.) The insulating tube is used to isolate power outlets (BATTERY/REMOTE/GND) and the acoustic system output. Grounding wire (purchased additionally). Connect this wire to the cleaned metal surface of the car chassis. Make sure that grounding efficiency is checked by checking the circuit's electrical conductivity between this grounding point and the car's sub-sub-sub-circuit battery. Connect the grounding wires of all audio devices to the same grounding point to prevent ground flooding. Remote wire switching (Blue/White) (Additionally purchased). Connect this wire to the remote switching wire or automatic antenna wire (positive voltage, (q) 12B) of the head. This fuse will protect your car's electrical system in case of short circuit. If you need to extend this wire, use a cable - an extension cord with a cross section of 8 AWG or higher. * MRP-F240 ... Fuse 25 A MRP-T220 ... Fuse 20 Connection on bridge scheme MRP-F240 (left) (right part) Fig. 20 8 MRP-T220 (right) (right) (left) Reece. 9 Y adapter (optional) Head etc Other amplifiers (left) (left)