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Our Savior, Jesus Christ, set a perfect example for members to follow as leaders in their families and in the Church. He loved his Father and loved the people he served. He lived to serve others, raising the oppressed and giving hope to the discouraged. Jesus understood his calling and was prayerful and diligent in fulfilling it. He always did his Father's will and gave him glory without looking for himself. He sacrificed everything for humanity, giving his life on the cross and atone for the sins of all men. As leaders follow the Savior's example, He will enhance their ability to do their work. It will inspire them to know what they should say and do (see D'C 100:6). Leaders will indeed become His fellow servants in building the Kingdom of God. They will become scripture students, learn the teachings and principles of the gospel, and seek to teach them to those who serve. During his mortal ministry, the Savior admonished His disciples to exercise faith (see Matthew 17:14-21; Luke 8:22-25). Church leaders must believe that Jesus Christ is our Savior and Redeemer. They develop this faith through prayer, scripture study, obedience, and repentance. As we nourish the seed of faith, it will grow within us and bear fruit, which is the most valuable and sweet (see Alma 32:42). The Savior said, The new commandment I give you is that you love each other; how I loved you that you also love each other. By this all people will know that you are my disciples if you have love for each other (John 13:34-35). Leaders must love the people for whom the Lord has given them responsibility. As leaders love people, they will want to serve them, teach them, and help them work to save them. In the world, people rarely think of leaders as servants. But the Savior taught Him by words and example that leaders should serve the people they lead. He said to the Twelve, Whoever is in charge of you may be your servant (Matthew 20:27). As we serve others, we serve the Lord (see Matthew 25:31-40; Mosia 2:17). Jesus Christ set a perfect example of obedience and submission to the will of Heavenly Father (see Matthew 26:39; John 5:30). Leaders must keep the Lord's commandments so that they can lead by example to others and be worthy to receive guidance from the Holy Spirit. Obedience shows love for the Lord (see John 14:15). The Lord's commandments are revealed in the scriptures, through Church leaders, and through the promptings of the Holy Spirit. By obeying these commandments, the Lord will help them fulfill their callings. In his great intercession prayer, the Savior prayed that those who believe in him should be the same as he and His Father are alone (see John 17:20-23). Unity is essential to success in every organization of the Church. The priesthood and auxiliary presidents should not work their advisers. Presidencies can achieve much more when they are united and speak together. The rich young man asked the Savior what he should do to inherit eternal life. Keep the commandments, the Lord told him. The young man said that he had kept the commandments from his youth, and then asked: What else do I miss? Jesus, knowing what was in his heart, told him to sell his property, give it to the poor, and come for him. But the young man went sad: for he had great possessions. (See Matthew 19:16-22.) In this case, the Lord teaches that leaders must be willing to sacrifice everything by following Him. Like a rich young man, leaders may sacrifice their property, or they may be asked to sacrifice their time, talents, and personal pursuits to continue the Lord's work. When leaders sacrifice for the Lord and His Kingdom, He promises to bless them in everything (see Matthew 19:29; DHK 97:8-9). Leaders learn that seeking guidance from the Lord to pray for what He wants them to do is important in their callings. Setting goals under the guidance of the Spirit will help them work out the work the Lord has given them. When setting a goal, the leader must plan how to achieve it. For example, the district head may aim to increase attendance at sacrament meetings in the district. His plan may include a request by branch presidents to invite all branch members to commit to sacrament meetings. Leaders can encourage members to achieve personal goals. Managers can propose goals for individuals, but they must set their own goals and make plans to achieve them. The next steps will help both the priesthood and support leaders plan meetings, activities, service projects, and goals to do the Lord's work, and can be helpful in communicating church members and friendships of nonmembers. These steps will help leaders organize home-based and Relief Society teachings and help priesthood leaders call members to serve in positions in small wards. Plan and organize. Leaders plan all meetings, activities, and goals to have the purpose of the gospel. In drawing up these plans, managers ask others, such as their counselors, to share ideas and help with the organization. Pray. Leaders pray for guidance through the promptings of the Spirit as they make and implement plans. They also pray for guidance to find out who they should call to help with the work. Delegate. A good leader invites others to help because he knows that he cannot and should not do everything himself. It delegates to help others expand their abilities by giving them experience. He explains the plan to them. He then delegates (assigns) specific tasks to each explaining the responsibilities and blessings of this task. Help and support. After the leader plans, prays and delegates, he supports those whom he delegated. He teaches them what they need to know and offers to help, but does not do the tasks he asked them to do. He expresses his love and confidence and encourages them to use their own ideas and inspirations, rather than insisting that everything is always done in its own way. It redirects them or has them change what they do only when necessary. Follow through. After completing the job, the manager periodically requests a progress report. He can do this in a casual conversation, during a meeting or in a private interview. During the report, the leader thanks the person and sincerely praises and wills. He could also discuss how the job could be better developed. Rate. When the assigned work is finished, the manager evaluates it with each appointed person. He expresses gratitude, discusses the value of what has been done, and can give a person another task. The agenda is a meeting plan. It can include prayers, hymns, speeches, announcements, business affairs, job reports, new assignments, and other important items. A written agenda helps the leader make sure that the most important issues are addressed and helps ensure a reasonable meeting time. It also helps him to lead the meeting in an orderly manner. The person who presides or responds usually prepares the agenda. He or she ensures that it includes everything you need to achieve the goals of the meeting. Whoever prepares the agenda determines how long each item on the agenda should take. If he has too little time to discuss all the items, he or she puts some of them on the agenda of the next meeting. The meeting is led by the person holding the meeting. He announces the names of those who will pray, speak, lead music and do other things in the meeting. Whoever holds the meeting must be reverent and hold a meeting under the guidance of the Spirit of the Lord. The person presiding over the meeting may hold it or ask someone else to hold it under his leadership. For example, a branch president might ask one of his counselors to hold sacrament meeting, or a quorum president might ask one of his counselors to hold a quorum meeting. The same principle applies to auxiliary. The Lord governs His kingdom on the principle of advice. Those holding council meetings, such as a branch council meeting, a priesthood executive committee meeting, and priesthood meetings and an auxiliary presidency (see Ward Guide), should apply the following important principles: a focus on gospel doctrines and principles, not on speculative issues. Focus on people and how to strengthen them in the gospel, keeping confidential information safe all the time. Encourage and an open expression, giving everyone a chance to be heard. Leaders should listen as well as talk. Maintain and help perform leaders. Leading with love and care for the needs and well-being of all. Managers should not disclose confidential information to anyone, whether in official interviews or informal conversations. Information obtained as a result of interviews and confessions, as well as information such as the amount of tithing and donations that a person pays, should be kept in complete confidentiality. The manager should not discuss personal matters about the person with others, including counselors and spouses, unless the person gives permission. A leader who carelessly keeps confidential matters strictly confidential can weaken the testimonies and faith of those he serves and reduce their trust and trust in him or her. General Guide: Serving in The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day SaintsGeneral Handbook: Serving in The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints DownloadsEntire Book (PDF) FootnotesThemeJuly 2020 Related ContentNoContentText SALT LAKE CITY - The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints combines two smaller guides, the only digital handbook that will be fully available to the public when it is released on February 19. The new guide is General Leadership: Serving in The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. The optimized book will reduce the content from the current manuals by 20%. The associated First Presidency announces new leadership for Church leaders, church leaders presented new guidance to the general authorities and general officers of the church on Thursday and said it was created under the leadership of the First Presidency and the Twelve Apostles, according to a press release. The release states that the new version will be more accessible and more flexible, both because it can and will be updated more easily and because it allows leaders in the church 3,000 stakes and 30,000 congregations around the world to adapt programs, policies and procedures to their local circumstances. Currently, the church has two leadership guidelines. Handbook 1 is intended for stake presidents and bishops, and Handbook 2 serves as a guide for everyone else in leadership positions. The new leadership will contain 38 chapters. The English version of the first nine chapters will be released on February 19 in the Church of Jesus Christ.org and gospel library app. The remaining 29 chapters will be updated during this year and next. Translation into 51 languages continues, Church News reported. Elder D. Todd Christofferson of the Twelve Apostles helped present new leadership to Church leaders on Thursday. This new leadership is part of the ongoing Restoration of the Gospel of Jesus Christ, which began 200 years ago, he said. This Restoration has been and will continue to be a learning process, as to learn, as will be richly rich World. We pray that this new leadership will help Church leaders use God-given gifts to continue to bless life in their ministry. We know that there is a place for everyone in this church.

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