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Test names and other trademarks are the property of the respective trademark holders. None of the trademark holders is affiliated with Magoosh or this website. Many IELTS candidates find Part 2 of the IELTS exam very challenging. Use these quick phrases to get you started and talk with ease. The IELTS Speaking test is a quick but intense face-to-face interview. In this guide, you'll learn about IELTS-speaking topics and how IELTS-related issues are sown. Alternatively, you can practice IELTS speaking sample and try strategies that will maximize your score group on each of the 3 interview sections. What is Part 1 of the IELTS Speaking Test and what is covered? Our test experts examine the section on the blog today! If you're trying to improve your IELTS score, the IELTS Speaking Band handles are your friend! Our experts will tell you how to use IELTS Speaking in your favor. Enrich your vocabulary bank and improve your IELTS skills! Here we look at the high-level vocabulary in the IELTS Speaking test. The like/dislike question is a common issue in IELTS's speech. Let's take a moment to learn how to express sympathy and dislike in IELTS talk! Do you know what score you would get in IELTS Speaking if you took the test tomorrow? With this IELTS Talking Diagnostic quiz, you get a better idea of your baseline score. Use the IELTS Speaking Score calculator to explain the class of your quiz and evaluate your group after completing the IELTS Speaking Practice Test. This post is a contribution from our friends in ABA English. Like it or not, it is well known that the English language has become almost indispensable at work. No matter where we work - even if we are preparing to go abroad in search of new professional opportunities or experience - we cannot do without English. [...] Are you planning to take IELTS? Imitate the IELTS Speaking section with our video interview practice. A clear statement in the Talking IELTS section is very important. Here are some tips for better saying on IELTS. You can ask for clarification if you do not understand the issue. Here are some helpful tips on how to seek clarification from IELTS Speaking! Compare and counter issues usually appear in IELTS speaking Part 1 and Part 3. Take a look at how to compare and contrast in IELTS talk! If you are worried about an IELTS interview, it won't be helpful for me to tell you not to be. We do not choose anxiety or nervousness over confidence... Or not? Let's talk about why you may feel anxious and some points that will help you cope with nervousness in an oral exam IELTS. [...] In any language in real life, it is dramatically different from neat and structured writing patterns. Your IELTS performance test reflects the promiscuity of natural conversation - unforeseen topics, topics, how do you think of your answer, hesitating, and retreating. You can't prepare your answers in advance, but you can equip yourself for success in conversation and today's IELTS blog is going to discuss how to give opinions on IELTS to talk to examples of past questions to help you prepare for the test! Today's blog is going to discuss common errors in IELTS talk. If you are studying for a test, try to avoid these mistakes! Learning to take notes in IELTS Speaking Part 2 is important to help you prepare a cursory and consistent conversation. These tips will help give a flawless conversation! How important is pronunciation in the IELTS test? You may be surprised to learn that there is a quantitative answer to this question! Specifically, your pronunciation is exactly 25% of your potential speaking score, as are three other notable skills: fluency and consistency, lexical resource, and grammatical range and accuracy. The Secret: Embedded Campaign1553863 IELTS Speaking. Introducing the Speaking Test is the shortest part of the IELTS exam, which lasts only 11-15 minutes. However, for many test-takers this brief experience may seem like an eternity! IELTS Speaking is a quick but intense personal interview. It requires attention, creativity and strong English skills to think about answering the interviewer's questions quickly. It is very important to relax and stay confident during the IELTS interview. Being vigilant but calm will help you do your best. How can you achieve this? The best thing you can do is learn and prepare. Knowing what to expect in the IELTS Speaking exam, practicing different strategies, and answering many practical questions will help you on the day of the exam. This IELTS guide explains what you need to know about this short but challenging part of the IELTS exam. Let's start with basic (but important!) information to introduce you to IELTS Speaking and how it scored. The second half of the post focuses on each of the three main parts of the test, with tips and strategies to help you develop your approach. Read on to learn how to tackle IELTS Talking! IELTS Speaking Content Table: The Basics of IELTS uses either a test booklet or a computer format for its reading, writing and listening tests, all of which are completed together in one squat. The conversation takes place separately. In most cases, the interview is scheduled for the same day as the booklet or computer test. However, sometimes the interview can be scheduled up to one week before or after you take the rest of the exam on a booklet or computer. You will receive instructions on this when you register with IELTS at your local test centre. When you pass the Talking test, you will enter the room where your examiner will be waiting to greet you. He or she will ask identify yourself, and your Talking test will start After that. To get an idea of what the test is like, check out this short video. The student answers the questions of IELTS Speaking in Part 1 of the exam. The IELTS speaking test has three parts. We'll look at every piece in depth later in this post. At this point, let's just familiarize ourselves with each of them. IELTS Talking Part 1: Basics Part 1 as a personal interview. It lasts about 4-5 minutes. You will be introduced to IELTS Speaking about your life and experiences in response to expert questions. Think of this interaction as a small conversation. These are the questions you can exchange with someone you just met. IELTS Talking Part 2: Basics Part 2 is called a long turn. Here you are given a question on the topic and some of the requisite you should cover in your speech. You will have a minute to prepare the answer and your goal is to talk for about 2 minutes. The expert can ask you a few follow-up questions when you finish your short speech. IELTS Talking Part 3: Basics Finally, you'll have a conversation on the same (or similar) question that you talked about in Part 2. This will be a discussion, just like the first section of the exam (Part 1). However, the questions are more complex because they require you to offer an opinion or analysis. To illustrate, imagine that your Part 2 theme is to describe a happy memory from your childhood. In Part 3, the examiner may ask you, What important things should a person do to live a happy life? IELTS Speaking Practice Tests and Resources Official IELTS Practical Tests and practical exam tutorials can also be fantastic resources to help you prepare for the Speaking test. The Official Cambridge Guide to IELTS includes a DVD with video IELTS Speaking sample responses representing different band ratings. Here's a list of excellent IELTS resources that can help you with speaking and other exam areas. IELTS Speaking: Scoring IELTS uses four scoring categories to evaluate your speaking skills. Make sure to examine these Band handles that IELTS uses to assign Speaking Band points. To better understand the classification pattern, let's look at each category. Fluency and consistency of fluency and consistency are measurements of a speaker's ability to communicate logically, clearly and easily in English. For fluency, the perfect Band 9 score means that the speaker doesn't have to stop to remember the words, or mentally revise the grammatical structure. She could focus on the message she wished to convey rather than the language needed to express it. Consistency is associated with fluency, but slightly different. It measures how well speaker make sense together. The high Band score indicates that a person can use different different functions and discourse markers with ease to formulate ideas in a clear and logical way. Lexical Resource This category score measures vocabulary. You will be judged on your ability to use words appropriately (in the right context) and accurately (with the right meaning). IELTS Speaking awards test-takers with large dictionaries. If it's a concern for you, Magoosh offers free IELTS flash cards to help you learn the words you need to know for IELTS! We also have a handy vocabulary lesson video below. The examiner will listen carefully to assess whether or not you can use a wide range of words and phrases (which is good), or whether you use the same language over and over again (which is bad). In this regard, you will also be evaluated on whether you can accurately paraphrase the expert's questions freely. See the chart tips and strategies for Part 1 (see below) to learn more about paraphrasing the examiner's questions. The grammar range of your grammar will be judged on the speaking exam. You should try to use a wide range of grammatical designs properly and accurately. Keep in mind that your grammatical range score is not just about avoiding grammatical errors. Limiting errors is important. However, you can achieve a very high score range if you can also demonstrate that you have mastered the complex sentence structure, verb stresses, and other advanced grammatical features. If your grammar skills are limited, or you have a lot of grammatical errors when you speak, it is especially important that you record yourself when you answer practical questions. Listen to the mistakes you make regularly and think about how you can fix them. Get feedback on your grammar from an English native, if at all possible. If you have enough time before the exam (a few months or more), consider taking a class or investing in a good grammar book for self-study. The pronunciation of IELTS Speaking also measures your pronunciation. Top Band scores only go to those test-takers whose pronunciation is easy for a native English speaker to understand. Estimates are reduced for mispronouncing, especially if pronunciation problems make it difficult to understand the speaker's message. Keep in mind that pronunciation involves more than just formulating individual words correctly. Many students have even greater pronunciation problems at the sentence level. These problems arise when the student does not have a native feeling like rhythm or intonation patterns. Unfortunately, there is no easy solution to most pronunciation problems. Usually the best way to improve is to use your English in everyday life. If you can't English on a regular basis, it can be helpful to listen to English recordings. From time to time, pause records and try to pronounce whole sentences in the same way as a speaker. Try Try tone of the presenter (rise or fall of voice). Also try to copy as the speaker accelerates, slows down and pauses throughout the sentence. Even try to imitate the emotions of the speaker! You may feel a little silly doing this exercise, but it's actually a sign you're doing it right! Over time, you will develop your ear to hear the sounds of the English language and reproduce them more accurately. IELTS Talking: Parts 1, 2 and 3 in the depths of IELTS Talking has three parts. In this section, we'll look at each of them and look at some strategies and tips to help you increase your score. We've also put together our tips and strategies for parts 1, 2 and 3 in the cheat sheet, so you can take your studies on the go. Part 1 IELTS Talking questions If you had the opportunity to interact with native English speakers, it is very likely that you have already answered questions that fit into Part 1. They focus on basic personal information about things like your school, hometown, family, or perhaps even the weather in your hometown. Treat Part 1 as a warm-up until the end of the exam. If you are nervous about the test, hopefully by the end of this section you will feel more comfortable and ready to tackle parts 2 and 3. To see this section of the test, you can refer to the official IELTS Speaking sample. Take a look at this official part 1 tip, entry and transcript. The questions from Part 1 are noticeably simpler than parts 2 and 3. However, this doesn't mean you don't have to prepare for Part 1! On the contrary, your preparation can really pay off. Starting a good start is important to show your examiner that you feel comfortable and confident. With sufficient practice, you can feel very comfortable answering part 1 questions without much effort. To help you out, here's an excellent list of Part 1 and Part 2 questions that one of Magoosh's test training experts, David Recin, put together to help you practice! Try to implement the following strategies as you practice: Part 1 Tips and Strategies Part 1 TipsExplanation Expand Your AnswersIn Part 1, you can get questions that require only a very simple answer. For example, you can get a yes/no question like this: Does your family have any special traditions? The answer may be yes or no, but you don't have to stop there. Always expand your answers and say more. Example: Yes. Every year my relatives go to my family's house to celebrate Thanksgiving. To paraphrase a question it doesn't matter the type of question, it can be very helpful to start your answer by repeating part of the question. However, you should try your best to paraphrase the question in your answer, rather than just repeating what the expert said. You can use synonyms where possible, but you also change the structure of the proposal. Here's it. The question is: Who helped you with your homework when you were in school? Bad answer: My sister helped me with my homework when I was in school. (Words and structures are almost exactly the same as a question) The best answer is: My sister helped me learn when I had a difficult assignment at school. (Good use of synonyms, but the sentence structure is very similar to the question) The best answer is: When I had a difficult school assignment, my sister was always there to help me. (Good use of synonyms and changing sentence structure) Stay on topic Don't let your answers move away from the question that the expert asks you in Part 1. Your answers don't have to be long - a few sentences are in order. When you answer the question, stop talking and let the examiner ask the next question. If you are nervous, it can be very easy to lose focus and take the conversation away from the original question. You can lose points for it. Also, the more you speak for what you need, the more likely you are to make mistakes! To help you rep ft.com-paraphrasing on the IELTS exam, check out our video below: Part 2 of IELTS Talking Topics in IELTS Talking Part 2, you'll get a theme card that contains a detailed, multi-face question. Take a look at this official IELTS Talking sample of hints, script, and task entry 2 question to get an idea of what to expect. You will have one minute to prepare a short speech in response to the theme of the map. Then you should talk for 1-2 minutes. Preparing for Part 2 can really pay off. As noted above, Magoosh offers a long list of Part 1 and Part 2 of IELTS Talking Topics to use as a practice. Obviously, it is impossible to predict the exact questions you will receive on the day of the exam. However, the structure of Part 2 matters very consistently. Each part 2 card has three main features that you should know well: Feature 1: Feature 2: Feature 3: The right side of the card below shows the typical look of Part 2 of the question. The notes on the left (not included in the actual IELTS theme map) highlight three main features of this type of question. Part 2 Theme Card Feature 1 → 2 → 3 → Subscribe the time you gave someone advice. You have to say to whom you gave advice that the advice was whether this person took your advice and explain why you gave the person this advice. You have one minute to plan your answer before you speak. It may not seem like much time to think about answering all these questions, but fortunately, planning Part 2's answer is easier than it might look in the first place. You will be given a pencil and paper to plan your response. I advise students to read Feature 1 and Feature 2 first, BUT, avoid writing notes about these issues. The best approach is just use those points on as reminders of what you need to say. At the beginning of your short speech, go through each point one by one with a brief answer. Let's look at an example that covers the point on the example of the theme card above: When I was in high school, I told my best friend that he should be more serious about his studies. My particular advice is that the decisions he makes now could have serious implications for his career opportunities in the future. Fortunately, he listened to me, and after that we helped each other to focus on our school work. This simple answer answers each of the questions listed in Features 1 and 2 very directly. Without much planning or thought, you can go down the list and provide the necessary information to cover these points. Don't miss anything because you will be flagged for missing information. However, you can move quickly through these points to get a more detailed answer that you will provide for function 3. You should use most of your minute preparation time to plan the response to feature 3. This point requires more detail and depth than other talking points on the map. As you prepare, your goal is to come up with at least two main points for Feature 3. Hopefully you can also think of some details and examples to support these points during one minute of preparation time. Keep in mind that you won't have time to write detailed notes with full sentences. Just write down a few words as reminders of what you plan to say. Below is an example of some of the notes related to the theme of the map above. For clarity in this blog, I've added more language to these notes than you would time to turn on the real exam. Example NOTES: (Why did you give advice?) Reason 1: My friend was failing his grades. Detail 1: He was almost

kicked off the basketball team. Detail 2: His college plans were in jeopardy. Reason 2: He was very smart and had to do better at School Detail 1: He hated doing homework, but he always knew the answers in class. Detail 2: He just needed someone like me to motivate him. The following chart contains a summary of some of the key tips described above for Part 2 Talking Test: Part 2 Tips and Strategy Part 2 Tips Explanation Answer to All Questions As the above, don't miss anything listed on the map theme. Focus on the fact that you respond very directly to queries on the page and do not discuss unrelated topics. TimingUse your training time to develop a response to feature 3 (discussed in detail above) of your theme card. This part of the map requires an extended response with key points and supporting details. Don't waste your time writing notes first questions (Features 1 and 2). Use the theme card as a reminder of what you have to say. Write simple notesY don't you have time to write long notes in one minute. Minute. if you have had more time, your expert will punish you for reading the answers you wrote in advance. Write notes as reminders of what to say. To paraphrase with other sections of the Speaking test, make sure you paraphrase everything that looks like language on your map theme. You will be marked if you use too much language taken directly from the map. Part 3 of IELTS Talking questions after Part 2, the examiner will ask you a few roundings or subsequent questions. These questions will be related directly to the topic of your short speech, usually asking for clarification or more details about something you said. However, after one or two of these questions, the exam will quickly move on to the final section: Part 3. Part 3 of the IELTS Speaking exam should feel like a smooth transition from Part 2. The first theme of Part 3 will always touch on the theme of your Part 2 monologue in some way. However, this time you won't have time to prepare your answers. Part 3 questions can be difficult to answer because they require detailed and complex answers. Here are some examples of Part 3 questions to give you a sense of what to expect: What are some qualities of an excellent teacher? What habits lead to success at school or at work? How will life be better for future generations? Take a few minutes to look at these official parts 3 questions and answers (here's the transcript) to get a good sense of Part 3. To succeed in Part 3, you need to stay calm and focus on the examiner's questions. Your only job is to demonstrate your abilities in English by responding with as many details as you can. Your goal should be 1) provide a direct and clear answer to each question and, 2) support each answer with at least 1 or 2 examples or details. When you're done talking, your expert may ask you a follow-up question, or she can change the subject completely! Just follow the expert's example, wherever the conversation takes place. As you can imagine, the number of questions you get in Part 3 depends on how much you say in your answers. If your answers are very short, you can get a lot of questions. If you speak with more depth, you will get fewer questions. Overall, you can expect the examiner to cover 2 to 3 different IELTS themes speaking in Part 3. Here are some tips to help you prepare IELTS Talking Part 3: Part 3 Tips and Strategies Part 3 TipsExplanation Say What's Easiest.... Tell me what your English shows... Part 3 questions usually require you to answer from your point of view on the topic. There are no wrong or correct answers to these questions. Also, keep in mind that your expert is not evaluating your ideas. You graded on your ability to answer questions appropriately in English. Your answers to Part 3 should always answer questions directly, directly, they must be reasonable and logical. However, you are not obliged to express your true opinion. Since you don't have much time to think during Part 3, it's often best to go with the first thing that comes to mind. Your goal should be to provide free answers. That's it. As much as possible, respond by discussing ideas that you know how to express in English so you can show off your skills. Avoid saying things that you can't discuss freely, even if those ideas will represent your point of view more accurately. If necessary, buy some time to think.... Speed Part 3 can be challenging. Sometimes, it can help you slow things down so you can gather your thoughts before you talk. This is especially true if you do not fully understand the examiner's question. This can lower your score if you have too many long pauses, or if you stumble a lot of words. It can also lower your score if you just repeat the expert question as you think about your answer. Try to avoid this by using one of the tips below. They can help you get a few precious seconds to think about what you want to say! NOTE: You should only use them when you really need to. Try your best not to use any of these tips more than once. You can: 1. Ask the examiner to repeat the question. Example: I want to make sure I understand the question. Could you do it again? Comment on the matter. Example: This is an interesting question. I'd say that.... 3. Present your idea. Examples: Well, the first thing I would say,... I haven't considered that before, but one thing that comes to mind... People have a lot of opinions about this in my country. I believe.... 4. Ask about the meaning of the word. Example: I didn't understand the meaning of Kew. Could you explain what that word means? Note: Just ask about the meaning of the word if you really don't understand. Just answer... No matter what, you should try to answer every question. Don't give up! More resources for IELTS Speaking Training In case you missed it earlier in this post, make sure you check out this extensive sample list of Part 1 and Part 2 questions that we've collected at Magoosh. Magoosh IELTS Prep also offers lessons on IELTS Speaking to help you increase your score. Many students who need guidance with Talking also need some help on other sections of IELTS. Here are some guides to IELTS Writing Task 1 and Challenge 2, and here's a complete guide to IELTS Listening. Finally, if you need help with your studies, this monthly training schedule can help. If your time is more limited, take this week's schedule! Good luck with IELTS training and happy learning! To view our Magoosh IELTS Speaking Posts, take a look at the list below: IELTS Talking: Academic and General Training Training magoosh ielts speaking topics pdf

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