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To continue enjoying our website, we ask that you verify your identity as a human being. Thank you very much for your cooperation. Between 1914 and spring 1917, European countries were involved in a conflict known as World War I. Although troops moved across the face of Europe, the United States remained neutral. In 1916 Woodrow Wilson was re-elected president for a second term, largely because the slogan He kent us from war. The events in early 1917 will change that hope. In a disappointment over the effective British naval sanctions, Germany broke its pledge to limit submarine warfare on February 1, 1917. In response to the break-up of the Sussex pledge, the United States established diplomatic relations with Germany. A few weeks later, on February 24, the British delivered the Zimmermann telegram to the U.S. Government in an attempt to tap the growing anti-German sentiment in the United States. The American newspaper published the telegram news on March 1. On April 6, 1917, the U.S. Congress formally declared war on Germany and its allies. The Zimmermann telegram has an impact on American opinion that, according to David Kahn, author of Codebreakers, No other single cryptanalysis has huge consequences. It is his opinion that never before or since has so much turned on a secret message solution. The text is adapted from the articles of The Zimmerman Telegram by Mary Alexander and Marilyn Childress. Quote: Alexander, Mary and Marilyn Childress. Zimmerman Telegram. Social Education 45, 4 (April 1981): 266 Add all pages of this document for activity: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Add only page 1 for activity: Add only page 2 for activity: Add only page 3 for activity: Add only page 3 For activities: Add only 4 pages for an activity: Add only 5 pages for an activity: Add only 6 pages for activity: Add only page 7 for activity: Add only page 8 for activity: Add only page 9 for activity: In January 1917 The United States abstained in a European War that would eventually be called World War I. An intercepted telegram between Germany and Mexico would be the catalyst for changing everything. This Zimmermann Telegram decoder helps prove that the telegram content is true and that it is not a scam. The British government asked Edward Bell, who worked at the American embassy in London, to confirm the contents of the telegram. He decoded him using a 13042 chipher, which was previously rediscovered during World War I by the British Government. The original Decipher of the Zimmermann Telegram was sent via letter from Ambassador Walter Page to the Secretary of State.Show/Hide Transcript[along the left edge CLASSIFICATION CANCELLED By authorities: Letter 7-28-47 of R. A. Humphrey, S. D., to the U.S. Name archive and the title of the person making the change: Carl L. [Lokki?], Archive unchanged 12-23-57 See also / 82aAmerican 82aAmerican London. [Purple Ink Stamp] STATE DEPARTMENT RECEIVED MAR 9 1935 COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION AND RECORDS OF MR. SECRETARY:] include the original code of message Z as decided this morning by Mr. Bell and an Admiralty officer. Let me add that much credit for all of this belongs to Bell.Your friendWalter H. PageCLASSIFICATION CANCELLED Authorities: letter 1-8-58 from W.H. Anderson, State Dept.By R. Q. Heise Date 5-28-64862.20212/81 1/2 Difficult File130 = no. than tel No. 313042 = no. from cipher13401 = answer amt8501 = telegraphiert115 = Jan 163528 - colon :416 = No : 117214 - gari geheim6491 - sebst11310 = zu18147 = entziffern18222 = stop[stamped flat in center]CLASSIFICATION CANCEL Power: Letter 7-28-47 fromR. A. Humphrey, S. A. to the Archives U.S.Name and the title of the person who made the change:Carl L. Loleky[?], Archive at CHargeDate 12-23- 57[handwriting along the right edge]F.W. 862.20212/ 81 1/2[stamped along the edge right] [striketthrough] Difficult [/striketthrough] [stamped along the right edge in purple ink]FILEDMAR 13 1935221560 - wir10247- beabsichtigen11518 am23677 ersten13605 February3494 un.14963 ein gesibränt98092 u boot.5905 krieg11311 zu10392 startnen10371 .0302 es (wünde) wird21290 versuch en t 5161 werden39695 v sveinigsen staaten v. America23571 trotzdem17504 neutral3. 11269 = zu18276 erhalten18101 .0317 für den fall0228 das Dies17694 nicht4473 gelingen22284 sollte2200 .19452 schlag-en21589 wir67893 Mexico.5 56 auf3918 folgend8958 grundlage12137 Bündnis133 vor4725 .4458 gemeinsam5905 krieg17166 führen13851 .44458 gemeinsam17149 Friedenschlutz.1447 . [circled]6706 reichlich13850 finanziell12224 unterstützung6929 und14991 ein verständnis7382 unsererseits.158(5) [?] of 367893 Mexico.14218 in36477 Texas5870 s17553 nen67893 Mexico.5879 .5454 AR16102 IZ15217 ON22801 A517138 früher21001 ursloren17388 gebiet1446 zurück23638 erobsein18222 .6719 Regelung14331 im15021 einzelnen23845 Euer Hochwohlgeborene3156 überlassen23552 .22096 sie21604 wohen (wollen)4797 vorstehendes9497 [mark to indicate 9 and 7 should be transposed] dem22464 Präsident20855 streng4377 geheim3/23610 eröffnen18140 ,622260 sobald5905 kriegs [line drawn connecting this word to the next]13347 Ausbruch20420 mit39689 Vereinigten Staaten13732 (fest)20067 steht6929 und5275 anregen ung 18507 hinzufügen52262 Japan1540 von22049 sich13339 aus11265 zu22295 sofort-ig10439 beitrete-ung14814 sinladen4178 [setze infinitio mit zu] } einzuladen6993 und8784 gleichzeitig77632 zwischen7357 Uns6926 und52262 Japan11267 zu2110 vermitteln 12172 . 9346 Bille9559 den22464 Präsident15874 darauf18502 hin weisen18500 >15857 da rücksichtslos5376 anwendung7381 unserer 98092 U boote16127 jitzt 13486 Aussicht 9350 biet9220,76036 England814219 at 5144 wenigen2831 Monate17920 EN11347 zum17142 Frieden11264 zu7667 zwingen7762 .15099 Empfang9110 97556 Zimmermann3569 . 3670 Schluss der DepescheThis primary source came from the State Department's General Record.National Archives Identifier: 302024Full Citation: A letter from Ambassador Walter Page to the Secretary of State: Decipher Of Origin Telegram Zimmermann; 3/2/1917; 862.20212/81 1/2; 862.20212 / 57 through 862.20212 / 311; Central Decimal File, 1910 - 1963; General Records of the State Department, Record Group 59; National Archives at College Park, College Park, MD. [Online Version, 18 November 2020] Activities using this documentThe Zimmermann TelegramCreated by the 6th National Archives Education Team, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, Higher Education, Adult Education, Homeschool, StaffPage 2 2

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