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If you are looking for the best mobile input experience on your Android phone, you have tons of options. Last week we asked you for your favorites, then we looked at the top five Android keyboards based on these nominations. Now we're back to highlight the beloved crowd. One interesting thing about Android is that you can use any keyboard that fits your needs. Custom... Reading moreKnocking it out of the park with more than 53% of the total votes was SwiftKey, a swipe-to-type Android keyboard with predictive text, custom dictionaries, cloud-saved preferences, and the ability to learn from how you type. It probably doesn't hurt that SwiftKey recently went free, dropping its premium price tag and opening the door to the masses. However, this was the top dog the last time we asked about your favorite keyboards, and its lead has only grown since then. In second place with nearly 26% of the vote was Google's keyboard, a keyboard that was barely placed last time, but has since added swipes to type, predictive text, and the ability to learn from how you use other Google services. For many of you, there is simply no need to install another keyboard-Google baked in one doing everything for you. Third place is taken by Swype, with almost 14% of the total votes. The keyboard that started the gesture typing phenomenon will still be strong, and adding features such as live language that adds words based on their use to the web, and a simple language switch. Attracting 5% of the vote and fourth place was Fleksy, a minimalist keyboard that is customizable and boasts an autocorrect so strong that even the visually impaired could use it. Finally, in fifth place with 2% of the vote was Minuum, a minimalist keyboard that gives you more screen space and a single keyboard line at the bottom of the screen. For more more about these and honorable mentions not listed here, make sure to head back to the full Hive Five feature to find out more. Hive Five is based on reader nominations. Like most Hive Five posts, if your favorite stayed away, he didn't get the nominations needed in calling for job applicants to make the top five. We understand that this is a bit of a popularity contest. Is there an offer for Hive Five? Email us at tips@hivefive@lifehacker.com finding the perfect Android keyboard is not an easy task- there are so many to choose from and most... More Android 10 brings a lot of changes to the Android ecosystem. The rebranding is wrapping up the era of dessert names, and Google has officially gone all-in on gesture control. However, despite these new directions, Android remains the same OS that we all know and love. Google's main themes for Android 10 gesture management, additional security, and extension of existing features. The overall update is very similar to the sequel to Android Pie. However, there is still a marked difference between Android Pie and 10, compared to Android Marshmallow and Android Oreo. These are the top 10 features that you should know We've already gone through the entire OS in our Android 10 video review (see above) and all our articles (just below). We recommend reading and viewing them, so we don't have to rewrite the wheel here. You can also check out the Easter Egg instructions here, and Google has its own Android 10 feature page as well. If you're interested in the big rebranding that came with the launch of Android 10, David Imel took a trip to Google to find out all about it and you can read it here. Finally, this review of Android 10 is based on a software update that has landed on pixel 3a. Your Android 10 experience may vary from device to device. Android 10 Visual Changes: Gestures and MoreOn on a large scale, most Android 10 visuals remain unchanged from last year. You won't find any massive updates for things like menu settings or quick settings. However, this year Google has introduced more visual changes than we've seen over the past few years. Let's start with lighting, gesture control. New gesture controls mimic competitors such as iOS and third-party Android, such as MIUI and EMUI, but still work relatively well. Here's a rundown of the controls. Check out the video at the top to see what it looks like. Swipe up from below - Back to the home screen. On the home screen, this opens the app drawer. Swipe from the left or right edge - draw the functionality of the Back button. This is suitable for use on both sides for left and right hand people. Swipe up from the bottom and hold - opens the menu of the latest apps. Swipe to the center from the bottom left and right corner - google Assistant opens. It's not in our knowledge. Swipe horizontally along the bottom - Switches have recently opened applications. This is similar to the double-pressing of the Last Apps button on soft keys. Gestures work well, but there are some pain points that still need a little polish. For the most part, gestures are comfortable enough. There is certainly more refinement here than in Android Pie gestures, and it is consistent in all apps and games. So once you learn this new method of interaction, you don't have to change behavior for different applications. However, the gesture system is not without its problems. Websites that trap you and usually require a hammer soft key back button nightmare with a new back gesture. Also, when you switch between apps, some of them will stop your progress so they can reboot. We noticed that this behavior is primarily with Google Assistant and Facebook. The little bumps in gesture control are very noticeable in case a sleek experience. For most users, most of the time, none of these things should be a problem. However, on two or three occasions a week I run to a website with insanely bad publicity that You're on the page, I find that I often just resort to closing the Chrome tab or using the address strip to navigate to another website. Because gestures are obviously in the future, I plan to continue using them on my Pixel 3a. I appreciate Google allowing us to use the old reliable navigation bar a little longer, especially for older people who may not have the dexterity of the fingers they once had. However, with the soft keys being relegated as a background option, we assume that they will go the way of the headphone jack eventually. You might as well start getting used to gestures now. You can switch gesture controls by moving to settings, then the system, then gestures. Options include old-fashioned soft keys, Android Pie gesture navigation or Android 10 gesture navigation. Android 10 brings us one step closer to the native dark theme with dark mode and accent of colors. Moving along with our Android 10 review, the new OS is also one of the most customizable versions of Android we've ever had. There is an AMOLED-friendly dark mode with switches in quick settings, display settings and availability settings. In addition, you can change the color of the device's accent in the developer's options for a little more customization. Between these two options and the three navigation options, there are many more ways to change your experience without third-party applications than in the previous year. Most of the other user interface changes are things like changing icons and changing colors. This is hardly noticeable if you are looking for them directly. Some changes include a new battery icon, a new profile picture in settings as a shortcut to setting up your account, and various other iconography changes. Most of them don't carry any extra features, but they look good. Filling in the gaps in functionalityandroid 10 has a lot of new features to talk about, although few are headline-grabbing new additions. This is par for the course for modern Android, as the operating system has reached a plateau phase in its growth. These days, we see one or two huge features and a bunch of smaller ones that fill in previous gaps. Perhaps the biggest functional changes in Android 10 come with availability. Accessibility settings now contain shortcuts for Live Transcribe (real-time speech transcription) and a sound amplifier (improving sound for the hard-to-hear) along with gestures that work for both. Hit links to check them out on the Play Store. They're both great at hearing. However, the hallmark of the new accessibility feature, to date, is Live Caption. When it becomes available this fall, Live Caption will listen to any audio phone outlets, whether it's a video, a podcast, phone call, etc., and a signature that he hears in real time. Initially, it will only be available on some devices, including Google Pixel 4, but it may be the most important accessibility feature we've ever seen in Android. Live Caption, Live Transcribe and Sound Amplifier gives disabled people a lot more options. Obviously, we would like to see Live Caption eventually make its way to the lower ends of the devices. After all, more inclusion is always a good idea. However, the phone must listen to the sound and then decipher it on the screen. We guess it's just a bit too intense for lower end specs. However, we're going to talk briefly about Adiantum later. encryption is specifically designed for low-end devices; maybe there will be a low-end Live Caption someday. Android 10 has a number of other, smaller features as well, including minor revamps for digital well-being. There is a new focus mode that will drown out apps you think are distracting. This can be customized in the Settings menu according to the Digital Wellbeing option. In addition, the Google Family Link app is directly integrated into digital well-being. Much like Live Transcribe and Sound Amplifier, you can use the family link without Android 10 by downloading it from the Google Play Store. The other great new feature of Android 10 is the inclusion of bubbles. Bubbles is similar to Facebook Chat Heads, except it works for all messaging apps and is supported by native OS. Unfortunately, no apps were available with it at the time of launch, but you can try the very buggy version if you force it with ADB commands. We don't recommend this method though, and app developers should start including support for it sooner or later. The bubbles come at a time when Android is drawing over the screen more and more often, so it's no surprise that Google will end up stashing notifications in something like this. I used the Pixel 3a for this Android 10 review and that has no problem with one-handed use. However, I can definitely see something bubbles be useful for larger phone owners in the future. The rest of the new features are basically similar to the continuations of existing ones. For example, Smart Reply isn't a new feature, but it now works for all default messaging apps, and it can even offer action to you under certain circumstances. You can, for example, see a Google Maps request if someone asks where you want to go for dinner. In addition, the shared data menu has been updated to be faster and more accurate for your sharing needs. It worked much faster on our Pixel 3a tester than the old exchange menu. The bubbles are cool, but we need to see them in action without the Adb team knowing how they work. There were a few updates to the settings. Apps can now pull up a kind of quick settings under different circumstances. For example, if Chrome sees that you're offline, it will pull up the tab so you can turn on WiFi or mobile data. You can also share your WiFi connection via QR code, a popular feature in Xiaomi and Huawei phones. Oh, and Android 10 craft ships Emoji 12.0 with 230 new emojis. These new features both add new stuff to the mix and complete the old features in a positive way. Bubbles and Live Caption are two distinctive new features in this year's Android, but we think people will actually use small things like Smart Reply and updated menu sharing more often. Since bubbles aren't actually available when running, the OS is coming off as a smaller update than it really is, but we'll see these new features more and more as time goes on. As the Android Administration podcast maker will not be able to talk, we can't wait to see what the developers are doing with it. Android 10: Under the hood As usual, there are more changes under the hood of Android 10 than any other part of the OS. Google has introduced a number of new API for developers and we've already talked a bit about the bubbles above. However, there are more interesting things going on under the surface. By far, the biggest under the hood changes the Mainline project. The Mainline project aims to update various OS elements through the Google Play Store, just like updating the app. For example, instead of getting air safety updates in the whole OS update, you'll be able to get them through the Play Store. This is super useful because it will end the discussion at which OEM manufacturers offer security updates the fastest because everyone will get it at the same time. Project Mainline will also work for other things such as media codecs. All of this is done with a new low-level system component called APEX. You can read more about APEX here. The Mainline project is a huge deal. Period. The release also includes the return of the audio API for developers. The new API allows apps to record audio devices. This has a ton of use cases, including streaming mobile games on platforms like Twitch, recording phone calls (where it's legal), and other similar tasks. It can also be the same API that Live Caption uses. Early beta versions of Android 10 also had a native voice recorder, but it didn't hit the final release as far as we could tell. Another big change under the hood is the standardized API for deep sensing with cameras. This will allow third-party applications to make better use of bokeh and blurring effects. It should also help OEMs make more consistent portrait modes in the future. There is also native support for monochrome sensors, as the Huawei P20 Pro. Android 10 introduced features that help the phone take care of itself. Another, pretty big change is the ability for the OS to determine when your device is in trouble. One new API allows apps to notice if your phone is overheating, and turn off itself to prevent any Games can do things like lower graphics settings, while other apps can do things like lower speaker volume. In addition, Android 10 now warns people if their charging port is wet or overheating, a feature we've previously seen Samsung and OEMs. There have been some other changes and the list is too long for this article. Check out the Android 10 developer page for a full list of internal updates and add-ons to accommodate things like multi-camera installations and folding phones. Security and privacy Presumably the biggest and most important changes were in security. Google has been great on security and privacy in the last few years, and there have been tons of changes in Android Pie and Android Oreo to Android 10. Some changes are quite large, while others are under the hood. However, they are all appreciated. The biggest change in Android 10 security is the overhaul of the permits. You no longer need to give the app full permission for things like your location, microphone, or other sensitive permissions. Instead, you can give the app permission to use this material only while the app is active. It mimics iOS, but I don't think anyone will care because it's a good feature to have. Facebook can't see your location when you're not using it, and your voice recorder app can't voice recording if it's open, as long as you set the resolution that way. The settings menu is also updated to reflect these new changes. Android 10 permits overhaul, including Scoped Storage, is a step in the right direction. The extension of the new permits is a new resolution called Scoped Storage. Those with Android 10 can already try this if they download and use Solid Explorer. All file browser apps must use Scoped Storage for the release of Android 11. Basically, users now have to manually give the app permission to view internal storage just as previous versions of Android forced you to manually give permission for SD cards. Android's inability to micromanage permissions was one of its weaknesses. It all started back in the old days when apps and games would ask for laundry list permits and you had to provide them all at once. Since then Google has limited apps only to ask for specific permissions when needed, and now we have the option to only allow permission while the app is running. I'd rather have something closer to the Bouncer app, which allows us to temporarily turn on permissions that end up being disabled automatically. Maybe we'll see something similar in Android 11. Android 10 adds a bunch of other restrictions as well, including restricting access to things like iMessage phone number and mac-address, as well as cameras and access to connectivity without user permission. Reference activities also police a little better Android 10, for extra security. Rest assured, not be nothing else while your screen is off if you have always on the display actively. Finally, we'll talk briefly about Adiantum, one of the lesser known features of Android 10 security. Most Android devices have default encryption. However, there are many inexpensive devices that lack of the hardware needed for advanced encryption. Adiantum is a new encryption method that works on the most budget budget phones (including Android Go phones) and can even work on things like smartwatches or smart TVs. You can read more about it here! Android 10 review: What do we think? Android 10 is a surprisingly big update compared to the last few years. However, because the changes to the user interface are minimal, it doesn't feel as big an update as it really is. New gesture controls continue to turn Google started in Android Pie in a big way. We can change our phones in a dark mode and change the accent of color now. With all that and the Pixel Themes app, we inch ever closer to native themes, one of the biggest features Android still lacks. The security changes are also much larger than expected. Adiantum is a bit of a sleeper hit here, especially for wearable devices and super cheap, inexpensive devices. After all, owning a cheap smartphone doesn't mean you should have less protection, does it? The resolution overhaul is finally starting to give users the kind of control we think consumers should have over their smartphones. We still think Bouncer is a little better for more granular controls, but Android itself gets there. With its settings, permissions overhaul, and Mainline, Android 10 is the best Android yet. Finally, Project Mainline is probably the most important of all Android 10. By continuing to make the OS more modular, Google gives itself a great opportunity to update the OS without the need for cooperation from OEMs or phone operators, OTAs or other things that will put in the way of an early security update and other improvements. We saw this with the API when Google Play Services came out years ago. This is a trick that we definitely don't mind Google using again to update security, media codecs, and other little things that, frankly, shouldn't need a full OS update to implement. Given the new customization options and more detailed control over the resolutions, Android 10 is probably the most personal version yet. As for the OS itself, I tested it with Pixel 3a and had no problems in terms of performance. Our Gary Sims launched Speed Test G on Pixel XL running Android 10 and the previous three versions of Android. You can see that above, and, spoiler alert, Android 10 is definitely faster than Android Pie. We don't think anyone will complain about performance. gestures are better than before, but I'm still glad I can use soft keys. However, there are still some things that need polish. We believe that Smart Reply can do better to begin with. Except gesture control, while vastly improved compared to Android Pie, still have clumsy moments that make me want to work for the settings to put my soft keys back. Android 10 seems to finish what Android Pie started in a good way. However, Google still has a long way to go with of these features and we're excited to see what happens in Android 11. Tell us what you think of Android 10 in the comments! Comments! nfs most wanted android requirements. nfs most wanted android 1. nfs most wanted android gameplay. nfs most wanted android apk obb. nfs most wanted android size. nfs most wanted android download free. nfs most wanted android apk mod. nfs most wanted android highly compressed

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