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Follow us on the Blog Pearls Of Dr. Health News and Wellness Medicine Self-Diagnosis Research For The Pathology of Acute Joint Rheumatism Find out what symptoms this pathology entails. Symptoms Dolor in the main joints (knee, hip, elbow, ankle), which subsequently moves from one joint to another. The joint is swollen, warm, red and almost motionless (rheumatic arthritis). It is usually a sharp training soft that can affect all joints, although large limbs (knees, ankles, elbows, wrists) are more likely to be involved. The cardiac interest consists of acute pancarditis (endocarditis, myocarditis, pericarditis), which can also be fatal, due to serious anatomical effects (valve defects, ventricular insufficiency, etc.) that can be identified. It causes meality because of the immune-based samoa aggression mechanism. It starts with bacterial tonsillitis (due to group A beta-hemolytic streptococcus). The embryo has components with a chemical structure very similar to some components of joints and heart valves. The body produces antibodies against streptococcus, which, once the infection is won, begin to attack substances contained in the heart valves and joints (autoimmune mechanism). Recommended therapy In case the presence of hemolytic beta-streptococcus group A is diagnosed in the phase of pharyngitis, eradication of antibiotic treatment (penicillin or erythromycin, according to coded circuits). In the event that the diagnosis is made at the first signs of the disease, immediate antibiotic therapy to eliminate streptococcus (penicillin or erythromycin as above), and then continuous preventive treatment under various models: prevention can be discontinued after 18 years in the absence of carditis for at least 5 years (or if it was never present). At least 5 years of prevention should also last in individuals who experience rheumatic fever over the age of 18, provided that carditis is not present. In all cases where there are signs of cardiac interest, prevention should continue throughout life. Prevention should be resumed in any case, before surgery and/or dental surgery; sedatives and tranquilizers (diazepam and chlorpromazine) are suitable for Korea. Arthritis can be controlled and tamed with acetylsalicylic acid; this, however, is not enough to combat and prevent carditis. When it is manifested already on the onset, it is appropriate, in any case, to make the first attempt with acetylsalicylic acid, promptly follows - in case of failure - with the help of cortisone therapy (prednisone). Symptoms related to the abdomen, pain они хрипят, когда вы лежите усталость кормления, тревожные расстройства анорексии, когда вы лежите аппетит, снижение аппетита, расстройства воздуха, воздушный голод, голод (лежа) аритмии удущья удущья, когда вы лежите отсутствие астении сердцебиение, сердцебиение изменения, ускорение сердечной недостаточности в синяках, повышенный сердечный ритм, плохая слабость диафоры дилатации одышка дышал, когда лежал диурез, снижение мочегония, исчезновение, уменьшение или уменьшение эматемемемемиза hematememegaly эпигастральной усталости голода, по liver fever, increased breathing, lack of strength, lack of heart rate, increased swelling of hyperthermia hyperthermia hyperthermia lipalore mialgie urination, muscle reduction, pain in nicturia obnubilation oliguria orination, increase of night frequency ortornea pallora rapid heartbeat of the abdomen, pain to information, present in the section of medicine site of this have only educational and counseling functions and the advice of the doctor can not replace the opinion of the doctor. Go to disclaimer Acute Joint Rheumatism, also known as rheumatic fever, is an acute inflammatory disease that occurs as a complication of throat infection due to hemolytic streptococcus group A. The cause of this pathology is a bacterial infection that causes an autoimmune response, i.e. the immune system, instead of protecting the body from streptococcus, attacks and destroys their own tissues. Symptoms are varied and sometimes confused with typical flu symptoms. Includes medium-high temperature; arthritic manifestations of the shoulders, knees, ankles and wrists; Heart problems; Korean Sydenham (or Dance of St. Vito), which causes involuntary movements; Skin rash without itching or pain and small subcutaneous nodules, which are mainly located at the level of the joints. Objective examination of symptoms is first necessary for the correct diagnosis of acute joint rheumatism. Below are blood tests to see if there is an increase in the rate of red blood testization (VES) and C-reactive protein, indicating continued inflammation; anti-stradolic name (TAS), which estimates the number of antistreptococcal antibodies present in the serum; electrocardiogram and echocardiography to check for abnormalities The treatment is aimed at eradicating hemolytic streptococcus, treating symptoms and preventing relapses that can lead to irreversible damage to the heart, especially heart valves. Anti-inflammatory drugs (especially NSAIDs and aspirin) are used for this purpose to treat inflammation, antibiotics to eradicate bacterial infection and anticonvulsants in patients who experience symptoms of Sydenham *Korea. Prolonged treatment over time with penicillin helps to avoid the onset of any relapses. The patient is also advised to rest to avoid fatigue and speed up healing times. My opinion is that in the face of this very acute disease we can use in the synergistic way of therapy of Western and Chinese medicine, as evidenced by the text that follows that this synthesis lesson mine made at the bari headquarters of the Matteo Ricci Foundation. Acute joint rheumatism in Western medicine is a systemic inflammatory connective disease that affects the internal joints of organs and especially the heart; acute or sub-acute follows an adverse infection from beta-hemolytic streptococcus A. It is not a microbial infection, it is caused by autoimmune phenomena. Anthrax acute erythema poltava with fever at 38-39 degrees, which lasts from 3 to 4 days. After 5-15 days there is acute arthritis of large joints, which heals without aftershocks. Children you have carditis with tachycardia and diastolic heart breathing; E.C.G. PR stretching; diastolic parcardia and possible pleurisy or skin manifestations (nodules) core rheumatic, renal manifestations. Isolated form of fever in an adult, the child has acute arthritis with carditis. Frequent isolated rheumatic carditis, but also pseudo-flutic or abdominal poma. Variable anemia, high EMU, high rate of fibrinogen, increased electrophoresis in alpha-2 and gammaglobulin. Highly reactive protein C. Hemolytic streptococcus A and anti-sewage increase 0. In the heart you have a pancarditis, inflamed pericardium, at the endocard you have a roll over valve with thickening flaps and ropes, the presence of knots Ashoff. All joints become inflamed. Painful syndromes of children's limbs; acute leukemia; osteomyelitis; polyarticular acute gout; Infectious Rheumatism, S. Turninger-Lovor-Reuters; manifestations of Systemic lupus and gnarled panarteritis. Bed rest, acute antibiotic therapy and prevention of relapses, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. Acute joint rheumatism in Chinese traditional medicine This synthesis is only useful in understanding how this disease is framed differently and is treated with the association of acupuncture and Drug. Acute joint rheumatism is part of traditional Chinese medicine in the treatment of bi syndromes and is known as feng-shi-re bi, i.e. rheumatism with wind obstruction, humidity and heat. Classification of acute joint rheumatism in M.T.C. Bi with obstruction from wet wind and the presence of toxic heat B with excess heat, which generates fire B Syndrome with obstruction of wind moisture and the presence of toxic heat Pain in joints with burning, redness and even swelling, difficulty movements. The pain has no fixed localization or may include multiple joints. Such symptoms are accompanied by fever, aversion to wind, thirst and appetite, asthenia. Clinical signs: tongue with yellow patina, slippery and fast wrist. Spread heat and wind, expel moisture to restore normal circulation in meridians. Highlights: 14DM and 11GI: to clean up heat; 5TR: release the meridians and drain the heat; 34VB: strengthens tendons and muscles, facilitates the spread of qi, refreshes heat. Access points: Points placed on the affected joints should be treated with a puncture of the surface and variance. Bai hu Jia Ji Tang o decoy white tiger with Cinnamomum - added Shi Gao-Gypsum fibrozum zhi mu-rhizoma anemarenae gui zhi-ramulus Cinnamomii jing mi-fructus Oryzae sativa gan cao-radix Glycyrrhizae uralensis lian qiao-fructus Forsythiae huang-cortex Phellodendri sang zhi-ramulus Mori albae Actions: eliminates heat, treats arthritis and arthritis from heat and humidity of the wind. Directions: various artragies. How to take: Decosing ingredients and taking in two doses, morning and evening. Changes: in the case of accentuated redness of the skin at the level of the affected joints add: mu dan pi, sheng huang, chi shao yao. Bee syndrome with excess heat that generates redness of fire and swelling of joints, strong bamboo pain cups that escalate at night, feeling widespread heat with anxiety and thirst. Clinical signs: red and slightly dry tongue, strung wrist and fast. Spread the toxic heat and cool the blood. Highlights: 14DM and 11GI: to clean up heat; 5TR: release the meridians and drain the heat; 34VB: strengthens tendons and muscles, facilitates the spread of qi, refreshes heat. Access points: points located on the affected joints and treated with superficial puncture and variance. Xuan bi tan or broth to dissolve pain from obstruction - modifications and additions zhi zi-fructus Gardeniae lian qiao-fructus Forsythiae ban xia-rhiz-rhiz pinomaelliae qin gentianae macrophyllae huang lian-rhiz coptidis sheng ma-rhizoma lcsflugae sheng Actions: drain the heat and moisture, release the meridians, protect the yin, soothe the pain. Directions: Artralgia. How to take: Decosing ingredients and taking in two doses, morning and evening. Auricolotherapy Highlights: Sympathetic, shenmen, subcortex, measurement to localize acupuncture points in the wrist ankle technique. kidneys, stitches, corresponding joint pain. Method: strong stimulation of points obtained by filamentous needles, which are stored in place for 10-15 minutes. You choose 3-5 points for each treatment. You can also use needle abode or plaster with Vaccaria seeds. Cows.

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