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## Agapi mou meaning

For the best answers, search this site for from Grey Tower! Of course, we can argue a lot back and forth about the definition of parousia. Also the publication of the Watchtower, Insight on the Scriptures, Vol. (1Co 16:17; 2Co 7:6, 7; 10:10; PhP 1:26; 2:12) However, they also state: That a pa-rou-si'a can also be invisible is indicated by Paul's use of the related verb form (pa'rai-mi) when it comes to being present in the spirit even if absent in the body. (1Co 5:3) They honestly admit that the Greek word parousia itself is not used in any other biblical example to describe a spiritual presence, but rather a related Greek word is. Strong's Greek lexicon: 3952. parousia par-oo-see'-ah from the current participle of 3918; a being close, that is, advent (often, the return; especially, of Christ to punish Jerusalem, or finally the wicked); (implicitly) physically, appearance:--coming, presence. For me, there are two passages of Scripture that really nail the whole problem. One is Matthew 28:18-20: And Jesus came up and spoke to them, saying: Every authority has been given to me in heaven and on earth. Go then and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit, teaching them to observe all that I have commanded you; and I am WITH YOU ALWAYS, until the end of age. How much authority did Jesus say he had been given? Is there more authority or sovereignty that Jesus could have obtained at a future date of Everything? Did Jesus say that he would have all the authority at a future date, or did he speak to the past, as in every authority had already been given to him? See Ephesians 1:20-22, which basically says the same thing. How could Jesus always be with his disciples (at all times and in all places), unless he is ubiquitous? Because where two or three have gathered in My name, I am there among them. (Matthew 6:20 p.m.) Who besides God has the power to be omnipresent? The second step is the Jews 9:27-28: And to the extent that he has been appointed for men to die once and after this comes judgment, so too Christ, having been offered once to endure the sins of many, will appear a second time for salvation without reference to sin, to those who await him impatiently. Saying something about someone who appears a second time implies that they have already appeared a first time. That's not true? Well, when Jesus first appeared, did he come into an invisible spiritual presence? No. He came literally and physically. People could see him, touch him and listen to him, for his presence with them the first time was a physical and visible presence. So when he says that Jesus will appear a second time, he literally implies a visible, literal physical presence again. If jehovah's witnesses would take a look at the last verse of their Interlinear Translation of the Kingdom, they would find something very interesting. On the Greek side, he says: ... from the second [time] apart from sin, it will be made visible to the (those) whom he ardently awaits in salvation. Did you get him? It will be made visible! This is the literal meaning of that Greek word, printed in the interlinear translation of the Society. There's no doubt about it. The Bible teaches abundantly the literal, physical and visible return of our Lord at the end of his age to inaugurate his kingdom. A final point is from 1 Cor. 11:26: For every time you eat this bread and drink the cup, announce the death of the Lord until His comes. Witnesses have always said that Jesus has already come, that he returned invisibly in 1874. Then they changed their teaching and claimed that he returned and took control of his kingdom invisibly in 1914. And so if the rule is that by participating in bread and wine, you proclaim the death of Jesus to his come, what the hell are they still participating in? It's redundant. Jesus has already returned according to their biblical interpretation. He's already done every part of the way back he's ever going to do. Yet here they are, mechanically, every year, the any class among them, who gather in their Halls of the Kingdom to take bread and wine. A total contradiction in terms. Valentine's Day (η Ημέρα του Αγίου Βαλεντίνου, imera tou Agiou Valentinou) is coming with teddies, chocolates and flowers, all wrapped in pink paper. In Greece, Valentine's Day has many believers, the most fervent of whom are teenagers. Some people like this day and others who hate it. There are also those who wonder if the popularity of Valentine's Day is due to marketing or just the need for people to communicate their affection. If your alter ego is Greek and you wish to express your feelings, the following sentences may be useful: 1. Σ'αγαπώ (sagapo) = I love you. This is one of the first things people learn in Greek, so I guess you already knew that. Be careful about this and don't use it unless you mean it. 2. Μου λείπεις (mou lipis)= I miss you 3. Σε θέλω (if thelo)= I want you 4. Μωρό μου (moro mou)= child 5. Αγάπη μου (agapi mou)= love or love my 6. Σε σκέφτομαι / σε σκέφτομαι συνέχεια (se skeftome / se skeftome sinehia)= I am thinking of you / I always think of you. 7. Είσαι η ζωή μου (ise i zoi mou)= you are my life. It's not as dramatic as it sounds, it's just a way to express strong feelings. 8. Με κάνεις / ευτυχισμένη (me kanis eftihismeno / eftihismeni)= make me happy (use ευτυχισμένο if you are a man and ευτυχισμένη if you are a woman) 9. Είμαι πολύ ευτυχισμένος / ευτυχισμένη μαζί σου (ime poli eftihismenos / eftihismeni mazi sou)= I am very happy with you 10. Θέλω να είμαστε μαζί για πάντα (thelo na imaste mazi gia panda)= I want to be together forever Words 1. αγαπώ (agapo)= love Ο Δημήτρης αγαπάει τη Νίκη αλλά η Νίκη αγαπάει το Στέλιο. (Ο Dimitris agapai ti Niki ala i Niki agapai a Stelio) Dimitris loves Niki but Niki loves Stelio. 2. η αγάπη (agapi)= love Αγάπη είναι να μοιράζεσαι. (Agapi ine na mirazese) Love means sharing 3. αγαπιέμαι (agapieme)= love each other Ο Αντόνης και η Αντωνία αγαπιούνται πάρα πολύ. (Ο Antonis ke i Antonia agapiounte para poli) Anthony and Antonia love each other very much. 4. ερωτεύομαι (erotevome)= fall in love with Η Σοφία ερωτεύτηκε τον αδερφό της Λουκία. (I Sophia erotefitke ton aderfo tis Loukias) Sofia fell in love with Loukia's brother. 5. ερωτευμένος, ερωτευμένη (masculine:erotevmenos, feminine: erotevmeni)= in love with Η Σοφία είναι ερωτευμένη με τον αδερφό της Λουκίας. (I Sophia ine erotevmeni me ton aderfo tis Loukias) Sophia is in love with Loukia's brother. 6. ο έρωτας (erotas)= love / sex Ο έρωτας περνάει από το στομάχι. (O erotas pernai apo to stomach) Love passes through the stomach. 7. ερωτικός, ερωτική (masc:erotikos, fem:erotiki)= erotic, love Πήρα ένα ερωτικό γράμμα από κάποιον άγνωστο. (Pira ena erotiko grama apo kapion agnosto) I got a love letter from a stranger. Τα ήσυχα βράδια (ta isha vradia) by Arleta (you can see the texts here: I love you: S'agapo I miss you: Mou leipeis I love you: Se latrevo Amore mio: Agapi mou My life: Zoi Mou Se skeftomai sinehia: I constantly think of you Se hriazome: I need you Eimai trellos / trelli (?) gia sena: I am crazy 4 tu Ta panta mou: sth like mine all I think I love you very much! S'agapo para poli! I want you! - If 8elo (thelo)! My love! Agapi mou! My baby! Moro mou! My beautiful! Omorphia mou! My heart! Kardia Mou! My soul! Psihi mou! My eyes! Matia mou! Thisavre mou: My treasure Anasa mou: You are my breath Asteri tis zois mou: Star of my life Agapoula mou: My little love S'agapo san paidi: I love you like a child I'ise o'ti kal'itero mou e'hi simvi - The best thing that happened to me K'itaxa vathia' mes sta sou ke 'ida a me'llon mas - I looked deep into your eyes and saw our future Aste'ri mou - my star Se latre'vo san to theo' mou Ho'ria sou den ypa'rho - Far from you I can't exist field\_vote: Your rating: No average: 5 (1 vote) Copyright © 2020 Multiply Media, LLC. All rights reserved. The material on this site may not be reproduced, distributed, transmitted, cached or otherwise used unless approved by Multiply. Assess the pronunciation difficulty of agapi mou 1/5 Pronunciation of agapi mou with 4 audio pronunciations -14 rating ratings Record the pronunciation of this word in your voice and play it to hear how you pronounced it. 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