Android webview css grid support

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September 24, 2020 - A new feature: CSS Content Visibility Method uses the concept grid to lay out content, providing a mechanism for authors to divide the available layout space into columns and strings using a set of predictable behavior sizes. Includes support for all grid properties and fr units. 5.5 - 8: Not supported9: Not supported (but has polyfill available)10: Partial support111: Partial support12 - 15: Partial support16 - 85: Supported86: Supported2 - 18: Not supported19 - 39: Not supported (but has polyfill available)40 - 51: Disabled by default52 - 53: Supported54 - 80: Supported81: Supported82 - 83: Supported4 - 24: Not supported25 - 28: Not supported (but has polyhill available)29 - 56: Disabled by default57: Supported58 - 85: Supported86: Supported87 - 89: Supported3.1 - 5.1 Not supported6 - 10: Not supported (but has polyfill available)10.1 - 13.1: Supported14: SupportedTP: Supported9 - 27: Not supported28 - 43: Un default44 - 70: Supported71: Supported3.2 - 5.1: Not supported6 - 10.2: Not supported (but has polyfill available)10.3 - 13.7: Supported14: Supported2.1 - 4.1: Not supported4.2 - 4.4.4: Not supported (but has polyfill available)81: Supported7: Not supported10: Not supported10 - 12.1: Not supported59 : Supported10: Partial support11: Partial support4: Not supported (but has polyfill available)5: Not supported6.2 - 11.2: Supported12.0: SupportedSee also support resources subnets:Poly Filling based on old specPolyfill based on new specCss Grid Example: Everything, what you need to learn is CSS Grid LayoutMozilla: An introduction to the CSS Grid LayoutWebKit blog post breaking CSS property sets gaps (troughs) between rows and columns. This is the cut for the gap line and column gap. CSS Grid Layout originally identified the grid-gap property. This pre-property is replaced by a gap. However, to support browsers that have implemented a grid-gap, rather than a grid gap, you will need to use the property console, as in the interactive example above. Syntax: 20px; Gap: 1em; Gap: 3vmin; Gap: 0.5cm; One s/gap value: 16%; Gap: 100%; /Two zlt'length'gt;values / clearance: 20px 10px; Gap: 1em 0.5em; Gap: 3vmin 2vmax; Gap: 0.5cm 2mm; /One or two values of zlt'percentage'gt;q/gap: 16% 100%; Gap: 21px 82%; /) q/ clearance values: calc (10% and 20px); clearance: calc (20px 10%) calc (10% - 5px); /- Global values/gap: inherit; Gap: initial; Gap: unidentified; This property is listed as a value for the next additional value of the column-gap'gt. If it's omitted, it's set at the same value as <'row-gap'>и <'column-gap'>каждый из них указан как <length>a или <percentage>a. . Значения <length>– это ширина желоба, разделяющая линии сетки. <percentage>Является ли ширина желоба, разделяющей линии сетки, по отношению к размеру элемента. Формальное определение</percentage> </length> </percentage> </length> </'column-gap'> </'row-gap'> </'row-gap'> </'column-gap'> </'column-gap'> </'row-gap'> </percentage> </length> </percentage> </length> </length> Syntax? Examples of Flex layout of HTML (div) CSS #flexbox display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap; Width: 300px; Gap: 20px 5px; - #flexbox div - border: 1px hard green; Background: Lime; Flex: 1 1 car; Width: 100px; Height: 50px; Макет result Grid HTML <div id=grid><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div> CSS #grid дисплей: сетка; Height: 200px; grid pattern: repeat (3, 1fr) / repeat (3, 1fr); Gap: 20px 5px #grid qgt; The result is a multi-stage html layout of the 40px multi-stage HTML layout, created with the property of the CSS. Don't you think it's fun and fun? I'm sure I do! CSS .content-box - column-account: 3; Gap: 40px; Result Browser Compatibility Support in Flex Layout Update of the compatibility data GitHubDesktopMobileChromeEdgeFirefoxInternet ExplorerOperaSafariAndroid webviewChrome for AndroidOpera for AndroidOpera for AndroidSafari on iOSSamsung InternetSupported in Flex LayoutCh Full support 84Edge Full support 84Firefox Full support 63IE No support NoOpera Full support 70Safari No support NoWebView Android Full support 84Chrome Android Full support 84Firefox Full support 84Firefox Full support 63Opera Android No support NoSafari iOS No support NoSamsung Internet Android No support No full support Full support No support No support In grid layout Compatibility update On GitHubDesktopMobileChromeEdgeFoxInternet ExplorerOperaSafariAndroid webviewChrome for AndroidFirefox for AndroidFirefox for AndroidFirefox AndroidOpera for AndroidSafari on iOSSamsung InternetSupported in Grid LayoutChrome Full support 66 Full support 66 Full support 57Alternate Name uses non-standard name: grid-space Full support 29Alternate Name uses non-standard name : grid-gapDisabled From version 29: this feature is behind the preference for the experimental web platform Enable. To change your Chrome preferences, visit chrome://flags. Edge Full Support 16 Full support 16 Full support 16Alternate Name uses non-standard name: grid-gapFirefox Full support 61 Full support 61 Full support 52Alternate Name uses non-standard name: grid-gap No support 40 - 59Alternate Name uses non-standard name: grid-gapDisabled From version 40 to 59 (exclusive): this feature is worth the preferences (need to set on the true). To change your preferences in Firefox, visit about:config. IE No NoOpera Full support 53 Full support 53 Full support 44Alter Namenate uses a non-standard name: grid-gap Full support 28Alternate Name uses a non-standard name: grid-gapDisabled From version 28: this feature is behind Enable Experimental Web qt;/'column-gap"-lt;'lt;'row-gap'gt; 'column-gap'; preference features. Safari Full Support 10.1 Full support 10.1Alternate Name uses non-standard name: grid-gap Full support 12WebView Android Full support 66 Full support 66 Full support 57Alternate Name uses non-standard name: grid-gapChrome Android Full support 66 Full support 66 Full support 57Alternate Name uses a non-standard name: grid-gap Full support 29Alternate Name uses a non-standard name: grid-gapDisabled From version 29: this feature is behind the preference of the experimental web platform Enable. To change your Chrome preferences, visit chrome://flags. Firefox Android Full support 61 Full support 61 Full support 52Alternate Name uses a non-standard name: grid-gap No support 40 - 59Alternate Name uses a non-standard name: grid-gapDisabled From version 40 to version 59 (exclusive): this feature is behind layout.css.grid.enabled preference (must be set actually). To change your preferences in Firefox, visit about:config. Opera Android Full Support 47 Full support 47 Full support 43Alternate Name uses a non-standard name: grid-gap Full support 28Alternate Name uses a non-standard name: grid-gapDisabled From version 28: this feature is behind the preference for the experimental web platform Enable. Safari iOS Full support 10.3 Full support 10.3Alternate Name uses non-standard name: grid-gap Full support 12Samsung Internet Android Full support 9.0 Full support 9.0 Full support 7.0Alternate Name uses non-0 Full Support 7. 0Alternate Name uses non-0 standard name: grid-gapcalc () valuesChrome Full support 66Edge Full support 16Firefox Full support 52IE No support NoOpera Full support 53Safari No support NoWeb AndroidView Full support 66Chrome Android Full support 16 66Firefox Android Full Support 52Opera Android Full Support 47Safari iOS No Support NoSamsung Internet Android Full Support 9.0'lt'gt;valuesChrome Full support 66Edge Full support 16Firefox Full support 52IE No support NoOpera Full support53Safari No support NoWebView Android Full support 66Chrome Android Full support 66Firefox Full support 52Opera Android Full support 47Safari iOS No support NoSamsung Internet Full support 9.0 Full support Full support Full support No SupportUsor should clearly include this feature. The user should explicitly include this feature. Uses a non-standard name. Uses a non-standard name. Support in multi-column layout Update of compatibility data on GitHubDesktopMobileChromeEdgeFirefoxInternet ExplorerOperaSafariAndroid webviewChrome for AndroidFirefox for AndroidOpera for AndroidSafari on iOSSamsung In Multi-Cool LayoutChrome Full Support 66Edge Full Support 16Firefox Full Support 16Firefox Full Support 61IE No Support NoOpera Full Support 53Safari No Support NoWebView Android Full Support 66Chrome Android Full Support 66Firefox Full Support 61Opera Android Full Support 47Safari iOS No Support NoSamsung Internet Android Full Support 9.0 Full support It's a good place to be Full Support No Support Watch also @supports CSS at-rule allows you to specify declarations that depend on browser support for one or more specific CSS features. This is called function request. The rule can be placed on the top level of the code or invested in any other conditional group in the rule. @supports (display: grid) - div - display: @supports mesh; JavaScript @supports access through the CSS CSSupportsRule object model interface. Syntax @supports in the rule links the approval block to the support condition. The support condition consists of one or more pairs of name values united by connections (and) disconnects (or) and/or denials (not). Operators can be prioritized by bracketing. Declaration of SyntaxA The most basic condition supports a simple announcement (the name of the property followed by the value separated by the colon). The declaration should be surrounded by brackets. The following example returns correctly if the browser Origin conversion property considers 5% 5% valid: @supports (origin conversion: 5% 5%) The Second Basic Condition syntax supports the support function, and the syntax for them is supported by all browsers, but the functions themselves are still standardized. selector tests to see if the browser supports the selector's proven syntax. The following example returns correctly if the browser supports the child's combinator: the selector @supports (A zgt;B) - No operator can precede any expression to create a new expression, leading to denial of the original. The following example returns correctly if the browser Origin conversion property does not consider 10em 10em 10em valid:

@supports not (conversion of origin: 10em 10em 10em 10em) - Like any operator, no operator can be applied to a declaration of any complexity. The following examples are valid: @supports not (non (conversion of origin: 2px)) @supports (display: grid) and (not (display: inline-grid)) Note: There is no need to attach no operator between the two brackets on the top level. No brackets are required to combine it with other operators, as well as either. The operator and the operator create a new expression from the connection of two short expressions. This is only true if both shorter expressions are also true. The following example returns correctly if and only if two shorter expressions are simultaneously correct: @supports (display: table-cell) and (display: list-element) Multiple connections can be matched without the need for more brackets. Below are both equivalents: @supports (display: table-cell) and (display: list-element) and (display: launch) @supports (display: table-cell) and (display: list-element) and (display: run-in)) разъединение двух более коротких выражений. Это возвращается верно, если одно или оба из коротких выражений также верно. Следующий пример возвращается верно, если по крайней мере одно из двух коротких выражений верно: @supports (преобразование стиля: сохранить) или (-моз-трансформация-стиль: сохранить) » Несколько разъединений могут быть сопоставлены без необходимости более скобки. Ниже приведены оба эквивалента: @supports (преобразование стиля: сохранить) или (-моз-трансформировать-стиль: сохранить) или (-о-преобразование-стиль: сохранить) или (-webkit-трансформировать-стиль: сохранить) @supports (преобразование стиле: сохранить-3d) или (((-moz-преобразование-стиль: сохранить-3d) или (((-o-transform-style: preserve-3d) или (-webkit-transform-style: preserve-3d))) Примечание: При использовании как и, так и или операторов, скобки должны быть использованы для определения порядка, в котором они применяются. В противном случае условие является недействительным и все правило игнорируется. Формальный синтаксис @supports <supports-condition> <group-rule-body>, где <supports-condition>нет <supports-in-parens> <supports-in-parens>и <supports-in-parens>я <supports-in-parens>Или <supports-in-parens> <supports-in-parens>«где» <supports-condition>() <supports-feature> | <general-enclosed>где <supports-feature> <supports-decl> <supports-selector-fn><general-enclosed> = [<function-token> <any-value>)] | () <ident> <any-value> <supports-decl>где <declaration>()<supports-selector-fn> - селектор <complex-selector>() <complex-selector> <compound-selector> <combinator> <compound-selector> <compound-selector>«Где» <type-selector>? <subclass-selector>* [<pseudo-element-selector> <pseudo-class-selector>*]*]!<combinator> = '>' | '+' | '~' | ['||'] где <type-selector> <wq-name> <ns-prefix>? '*'<subclass-selector> = <id-selector> | <class-selector> | <attribute-selector> | <pseudo-class-selector><pseudo-element-selector> = ':' <pseudo-class-selector><pseudo-class-selector> = ':' <ident-token> | <function-token> <any-value>':')'где <wq-name> <ns-prefix>? <ident-token><ns-prefix> = [<ident-token> | '*']? | <id-selector> = <hash-token><class-selector> = '.' <ident-token><attribute-selector> = '[' <wq-name> ']' | '[' <wq-name> <attr-matcher> [<string-token> | <ident-token>] <attr-modifier>? Где и <attr-matcher> '^' | '$' | '*']? Примеры тестирования на поддержку данного свойства CSS @supports (анимация-имя: тест) ... / CSS, применяемые при поддержке анимации без префикса , / / Другие правила могут быть вложены внутрь . . . . . <attr-modifier> . . . . . Тестирование на поддержку данного свойства CSS или префиксируемой версии @supports (перспектива: 10px) или (-moz-перспектива: 10px) или (-webkit-перспектива: 10px) или (-ms-perspective: 10px) или (-o-perspective: 10px)) ... </attr-modifier> </attr-matcher> </attr-modifier> </ident-token> </string-token> </attr-matcher> </wq-name> </wq-name> </attribute-selector></ident-token> </class-selector></hash-token> </id-selector> </ident-token> </ns-prefix></ident-token> </ns-prefix> </wq-name> </any-value> </function-token> </ident-token> </pseudo-class-selector></pseudo-class-selector> </pseudo-element-selector></pseudo-class-selector> </attribute-selector> </class-selector> </id-selector> </subclass-selector> </ns-prefix> </wq-name> </type-selector> </combinator> </pseudo-class-selector> </pseudo-element-selector> </subclass-selector> </type-selector> </compound-selector> </compound-selector> </combinator> </compound-selector> </complex-selector> </complex-selector> </supports-selector-fn> </declaration> </supports-decl> </any-value> </ident> </any-value> </function-token> </general-enclosed></supports-selector-fn> </supports-decl> </ supports-feature> </general-enclosed> </supports-feature> </supports-condition> </supports-in-parens> </supports-in-parens> </supports-in-parens> </supports-in-parens> </supports-in-parens> </supports-in-parens> </supports-condition> </group-rule-body> </supports-condition> </supports-condition> конкретного свойства CSS @supports not ((текст-выравнивание-последний: оправдать) или (-moz-text-align-last: justify)) @supports ... ... } } Testing for the support of a selector (eg. :is()) /* This rule won't be applied in browsers which don't support :is() */ :is(ul, ol) > li { ... /* CSS applied when the :is(...) selector is supported */ } @supports not selector(:is(a, b)) { /* Fallback for when :is() is unsupported */ ul > li, ol > li { ... /* The above expanded for browsers which don't support :is(...) */ } } @supports selector(:nth-child(1n of a, b)) { /* This rule needs to be inside the @supports block, otherwise it will be partially applied in browsers which don't support the 'of' argument of :nth-child(...) is supported */ :is(:nth-child(1n of ul, ol) a, details > summary) { ... /* CSS applied when the :is(...) selector and the 'of' argument of :nth-child(...) are both supported */ } } Specifications Browser compatibility Update compatibility data on GitHubDesktopMobileChromeEdgeFirefoxInternet ExplorerOperaSafariAndroid webviewChrome for AndroidFirefox for AndroidOpera for AndroidSafari on iOSSamsung Internet@supportsChrome Full support 28Edge Full support 12Firefox Full support 22 Full support 22 No support 17 — 22Disabled From version 17 until version 22 (exclusive) : эта функция стоит за предпочтениями layout.css.supports-rule.enabled (необходимо установить на истинный). Чтобы изменить предпочтения в Firefox, посетите about:config. IE Нет поддержки NoOpera Полная поддержка 12.1Safari Полная поддержка 9WebView Android Полная поддержка ≤37Chrome Android Полная поддержка 28Firefox Android Полная поддержка 22 Полная поддержка 22 Нет поддержки 17 - 22Отключаемый От версии 17 до версии 22 (эксклюзивный): эта функция стоит за layout.css.supports-rule.enabled предпочтения (необходимо установить на самом истине). Чтобы изменить предпочтения в Firefox, посетите about:config. Opera Android Полная поддержка 12.1Safari iOS Полная поддержка 9Samsung Интернет Android Полная поддержка 1.5selector()Chrome Полная поддержка 83Edge Полная поддержка 83Firefox Полная поддержка 69 Полная поддержка 69 Полная поддержка 64От версия 64: эта функция стоит за layout.css.supports-selector.enabled предпочтения (потребности должны быть установлены на самомоху). Чтобы изменить предпочтения в Firefox, посетите about:config. IE Нет поддержки NoOpera Полная поддержка 69Safari Полная поддержка 14WebView Android Полная поддержка 83Chrome Android Полная поддержка 83Firefox Android Полная поддержка 64 Полная поддержка 64Disabled От версии 64: эта функция стоит за layout.css.supports-selector.enabled предпочтения (необходимо установить на самомордник). Чтобы изменить предпочтения в Firefox, посетите about:config. Опера Android Нет поддержки Нет поддержки NoNotes Смотрите ошибку 979041.Safari iOS Полная поддержка 14Samsung Интернет Полная поддержка 13.0 Полная Full support support No support No support for see implementation notes. See the implementation notes. The user should explicitly include this feature. The user should explicitly include this feature. See also

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